#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## To the Administrator of the Punjab Provincial Cooperative Bank Limited Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

### **Qualified Opinion**

We have audited the annexed financial statements of The Punjab Provincial Cooperative Bank Limited (the Bank), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2019, and the profit or loss account, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended (based on audited certified returns received from the branches component auditors) and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

Except for the matters described in the basis of qualified opinion section of our report, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, the profit or loss account, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and, give the information required by the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and the Companies Act, 2017(XIX of 2017), and the BPRD Circular No. 2 dated January 25, 2018 of the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Bank's affairs as at June 30, 2019, and of the profit and other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

### **Basis for Qualified Opinion**

- 1. Provision held against non-performing loans amounting to Rs. 1,606.271 million (2018: 1,606.271 million) as required by the Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP and accrued mark-up on advances amounting to Rs. 650.743 million (2018: Rs. 681.018 million) remained unverified in the absence of reliable analysis of advances extended by the Bank. The amounts of non-performing advances, required provision against such loans and accrued mark-up on advances could not be determined accordingly.
- 2. We were unable to verify the accuracy of depreciation on vehicles amounting to Rs. 6.143 million (2018: 6.570 million) due to non-availability of dates of purchases.

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Bank in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

### **Emphasis of Matters**

Without further qualifying our report, we draw attention to the following matters:

- 1. As referred in note 8.4 to the accompanying financial statements, the Bank has not adjusted its non-performing loans amounting to Rs. 678.680 million (2018: Rs. 673.468 million) including mark-up thereon against properties decreed in favor of the Bank due to pending possession disputes.
- 2. As referred in note 9.2.4 to the accompanying financial statements, the ultimate outcome of disputed properties amounting to Rs. 175.687 million (2018: Rs. 101.183 million) cannot be presently determined, and hence no impairment in this context has been made in these financial statements.
- 3. As referred in note 16.3 to the accompanying financial statements regarding the status of compliance to the terms and conditions of SBP's letter relaxing Minimum Capital Requirements (MCR) to Rs. 6 billion, these terms and conditions are stated to be in process of implementation although compliance date has passed.
- 4. As referred in note 36.1 to the accompanying financial statements regarding compliance status of CAR reporting under BASEL I for the time being instead of BASEL III.

### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following are the key audit matters:

S. No.	Kay audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
1	Refer to Bye Law 32 of the	We reviewed and understood the requirements of the
	Punjab Provincial Cooperative	Punjab Provincial Cooperative Bank Limited Bye-Laws
	Bank Limited Bye Laws 2010:	2010. Our audit procedures included the following:
	"The BOD shall consist of:	
	a) Registrar, who shall be	• considered the management's response over the
	its Chairman;	absence of BOD;
	b) President;	
	c) Two non-official	• obtained relevant underlying supports for appointment
	professionals nominated	of the Administrator by the Govt. of Punjab and ensured
	by the Registrar under	their appropriateness for the sufficient audit evidence;
	Bye-law 6(b); and	
	d) Three elected members,	• determined the powers and duties of the Administrator
	who are qualified to be	and ensured appropriateness of the requirements as to the
	elected as Director	management of the Bank;
	under the election rules."	
	ruies.	• verified the appropriateness of the disclosures provided
	Whamas the Doub has no DOD	regarding the formation of BOD in the financial statements.
	Whereas, the Bank has no BOD since 2005. In view of the	statements.
	difficulties being faced from	
	time to time in the performance	
	of day to day affairs, we	
	consider this a key audit matter.	
	consider tins a key addit matter.	

### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Responsibilities of Management and the Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan, the requirements of Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and the BPRD Circular No. 2 dated January 25, 2018 of the SBP for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Bank or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Administrator is responsible for overseeing the Bank's financial reporting process.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bank's internal control.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Bank to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Administrator regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide to the Administrator with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Administrator, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Bank/branches as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and the returns referred above from the branches have been found adequate for the purpose of our audit;
- b) the statement of financial position, the profit or loss account and the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows (together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and the Companies Act, 2017(XIX of 2017) and the BPRD

Circular No. 2 dated January 25, 2018 of the SBP and are in agreement with the books of

account and returns;

c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were in

accordance with the objects and powers of the Bank/ branches and the transactions of the Bank/ branches which have come to our notice have been within the powers of the Bank/

branches; and

d) zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Bank and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of

that Ordinance.

2. We confirm that for the purpose of our audit, we have covered more than sixty per cent of the

total loans and advances of the Bank.

**Other Matters** 

1. The annual financial statements of the Bank for the year ended June 30, 2018 were audited by another firm of chartered accountants whose audit report dated November 29,

2018, expressed a qualified opinion and matter of emphasis.

2. The audit of financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019 comprising 134

branches had been allotted by the Registrar, Co-operative Societies, Punjab, to eight

different component auditors.

Thus, for purpose of consolidation, the audited certified financial statements furnished by the

component auditors have been relied upon.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is

Muhammad Ilyas.

ILYAS SAEED & CO.

**Chartered Accountants** 

LAHORE

DATE: 18.10.2019

# THE PUNJAB PROVINCIAL COOPERATIVE BANK LIMITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2019

	Note	2019	2018
ASSETS		Rupees in '	000
Cash and balances with treasury banks	5	742,268	1,218,756
Balances with other banks	6	959,517	805,565
Lendings to financial institutions	v	-	-
Investments	7	2,876,398	2,911,628
Advances	8	9,861,768	10,207,775
Fixed assets	9	7,179,735	7,176,161
Intangible assets	10	1,778	3,935
Deferred tax assets	11	-	-
Other assets	12	833,784	857,475
	_	22,455,248	23,181,295
LIABILITIES	_		
Bills payable	13	52,635	55,502
Borrowings		-	-
Deposits and other accounts	14	4,579,982	5,324,183
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease		-	-
Subordinated debt		-	-
Deferred tax liabilities		-	-
Other liabilities	15	3,624,550	3,569,088
	_	8,257,167	8,948,773
NET ASSETS	=	14,198,081	14,232,522
REPRESENTED BY	17	5 005 400	7.005.556
Share capital/ Head office capital account - net	16	7,885,490	7,885,556
Reserves	17	809,147	742,108
Surplus on revaluation of assets	17	7,266,202	7,385,478
Unappropriated (loss)	<del>-</del>	(1,762,758)	(1,780,620)
	=	14,198,081	14,232,522
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	18	-	-

The annexed notes 1 to 41 form an integral part of these financial statements.

# THE PUNJAB PROVINCIAL COOPERATIVE BANK LIMITED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Note	2019	2018
		Rupees in 'O	000
Mark-up/Return/Interest Earned	19	1,910,233	1,845,307
Mark-up/Return/Interest Expensed	20	(207,511)	(150,119)
Net Mark-up/ Interest Income		1,702,722	1,695,188
NON MARK-UP/INTEREST INCOME			
Fee and Commission Income	21	19,645	18,295
Dividend Income		38,801	34,130
Foreign Exchange Income		-	-
Income / (loss) from derivatives		-	-
Gain / (Loss) on securities		-	-
Other Income	22	102,279	103,239
Total Non-Markup/Interest Income		160,725	155,664
Total Income	_	1,863,447	1,850,852
NON MARK-UP/INTEREST EXPENSES			
Operating expenses	23	(1,432,082)	(1,565,416)
Workers Welfare Fund		-	-
Other charges	24	(651)	(13)
Total non-markup/interest expenses		(1,432,733)	(1,565,429)
Profit Before Provisions	<del>-</del>	430,714	285,423
Provisions and write offs - net	25	(100,000)	(120,000)
Extra ordinary / unusual items		-	-
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	<del>-</del>	330,714	165,423
Taxation	26	(68,358)	(45,570)
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION	_ _	262,356	119,853
		Rupees	
Basic Earnings per share	27	3.33	1.52
Diluted Earnings per share	=	<u> </u>	

The annexed notes 1 to 41 form an integral part of these financial statements.

# THE PUNJAB PROVINCIAL COOPERATIVE BANK LIMITED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	2019 Rupees in '	2018 <b>000</b>
Profit after taxation for the year	262,356	119,853
Other comprehensive income		
Items that may be reclassified to profit and loss account in subsequent periods:		
Effect of translation of net investment in foreign branches	-	-
Movement in surplus / (deficit) on revaluation of investments - net of tax	-	-
Others	-	-
	-	-
Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss account in subsequent periods:		
Remeasurement (loss) on defined benefit obligations - net of tax	(176,907)	(412,114)
Movement in surplus on revaluation of operating fixed assets - net of tax	-	-
Movement in surplus on revaluation of non-banking assets - net of tax	-	-
Others	-	-
	(176,907)	(412,114)
Total comprehensive income / (loss)	85,449	(292,261)
The annexed notes 1 to 41 form an integral part of these financial statements.		

# THE PUNJAB PROVINCIAL COOPERATIVE BANK LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Surplus/(Deficit)	on revaluation of			
	Share capital / Head office capital account	Statutory reserve	Investments	Fixed / Non Banking Assets	Common good fund	Unappropriated loss	Total
				Rupees in '000			
Opening Balance July 1, 2017	7,885,482	707,659	617,762	6,868,774	5,214	(1,486,922)	14,597,969
Profit after taxation for the prior year	-	-	-	-	-,	119,853	119,853
Other comprehensive income - net of tax	_	_	-	_	_	(412,114)	(412,114)
Transfer to statutory reserve	-	29,963	-	_	_	(29,963)	-
Deficit on revaluation of assets	_	,	(101,058)	_		( , ,	(101,058)
Reissuance of shares	74		, , ,				74
Adjustment of defined benefit plan	-	-	-	-	-	28,526	28,526
Medical aid to staff					(728)	-	(728)
Opening Balance July 1, 2018	7,885,556	737,622	516,704	6,868,774	4,486	(1,780,620)	14,232,522
Profit after taxation for the current year	-	-	-	-	-	262,356	262,356
Other comprehensive income/(Loss) - net of ta	X					(176,907)	(176,907)
Adjustment of Defined benefit plan						-	-
Transfer to statutory reserve	-	65,589	-	-	-	(65,589)	-
Transfer to common good fund	-	-	-	-	2,000	(2,000)	-
Medical aid to staff					(550)		(550)
Deficit on revaluation of assets			(119,276)				(119,276)
Refund of shares	(66)	-	-	-		-	(66)
Closing Balance June 30, 2019	7,885,490	803,211	397,428	6,868,774	5,936	(1,762,760)	14,198,079

The annexed notes 1 to 41 form an integral part of these financial statements.

# THE PUNJAB PROVINCIAL COOPERATIVE BANK LIMITED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Note	2019	2018
		Rupees in '0	00
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit before taxation		330,714	165,423
Less: Dividend income		(38,801)	(34,130)
	_	291,913	131,293
Adjustments:			
Depreciation		20,116	18,442
Amortization		2,157	2,157
Provision for employees retirement benefits	23.1	242,121	451,393
Loss/ (Gain) on sale of fixed assets		-	(2,506)
		264,394	469,486
	_	556,307	600,779
(Increase)/ Decrease in operating assets	_		
Advances		346,007	(529,377)
Others assets (excluding advance taxation)		23,691	(37,408)
		369,698	(566,785)
Increase/ (Decrease) in operating liabilities	<u>_</u>		
Bills Payable		(2,867)	2,918
Deposits		(744,201)	266,193
Other liabilities (excluding current taxation)		137,525	(82,792)
		(609,543)	186,319
Income tax paid		(23,588)	(21,085)
Contribution to pension fund		(540,027)	(417,668)
Medical aid to employees from common good fund		(550)	(728)
Net cash flow (used in) operating activities	_	(247,703)	(219,168)
		· ,	
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	Γ	(04.046)	(270, 274)
Net investments in held-to-maturity securities		(84,046)	(379,274)
Dividends received Investments in operating fixed assets		38,801	34,130
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		(29,522)	(25,575) 3,597
Effect of translation of net investment in foreign branches		-	3,397
Net cash flow (used in) investing activities	L	(74,767)	(367,122)
wei cush flow (useu in) investing activities		(74,707)	(307,122)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	_		
(Refund) / Reissue of share capital		(66)	74
Net cash flow (used in) / from financing activities		(66)	74
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	_	<u> </u>	-
(Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(322,536)	(586,216)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	28	2,024,321	2,610,537
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	28	1,701,785	2,024,321

The annexed notes 1 to 41 form an integral part of these financial statements.

#### 1. STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

The Punjab Provincial Cooperative Bank Limited (the Bank) was incorporated in 1924 as a Cooperative Bank under the Cooperative Societies Act, 1912 (repealed) (now the Cooperative Societies Act, 1925). It was given the status of a scheduled bank by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) with effect from November 07, 1955. The Bank is operating under the supervision of the Cooperative Department, Government of Punjab and the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP). The objects for which the Bank is established are to carry out the business of agriculture credit and other activities as defined in the Cooperative Societies Act, 1925 and its Rules. The Bank operates through its 151 (2018: 151) branches in the whole province of Punjab. The registered office of the Bank is located at the Bank Square, The Mall, Lahore, Pakistan.

#### 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

These financial statements have been prepared in conformity with the format of financial statements prescribed by the SBP vide BPRD Circular No. 2 dated January 25, 2018.

#### 2.1 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of:

- -International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
- -Provisions of and directives issued under the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 ("the Ordinance"), the Cooperative Societies Act ,1925 ("the Act"), and the Cooperative Societies Rules, 1927 ('the Rules"), the Companies Act, 2017 and;
- -Directives issued by the SBP.

Whenever the requirements of the Ordinance, the Act, the Rules, and the Companies Act, 2017 or the directives issued by the SBP and the SECP differ with the requirements of IFRS, requirements of the Ordinance, the Act, the Rules, and the Companies Act, 2017 and the said directives shall prevail.

The SBP, vide BSD Circular No. 10, dated August 26, 2002 has deferred the applicability of International Accounting Standard 39 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' (IAS 39) and International Accounting Standard 40 'Investment Property' (IAS 40) for banking companies till further instructions. Further, according to a notification of Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) dated April 28, 2008, International Financial Reporting Standard 7 'Financial Instruments Disclosure' (IFRS 7), has not been made applicable for banks. Accordingly, the requirements of these standards have not been considered in the preparation of these financial statements. However, investments have been classified and disclosed in accordance with the requirements prescribed by SBP through various circulars.

### 2.2 Standards, interpretations of and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are effective in the current year.

The Bank has adopted the following revised standards, amendments in accounting standards and interpretations of IFRS which became effective for the current year:

- IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures Annual Improvements to IFRS 2014–2016 Cycle
- IAS 40 Investment Property Transfers of Investment Property (Amendments) 2
- IFRS 2 Share-based Payment Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payments Transactions (Amendments)
- IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts Applying IFRS 9 Financial Instruments with IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts (Amendments)
- IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers
- IFRIC 22 Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration

#### **Impact of IFRS 15**

IFRS 15 supersedes IAS 11 Construction Contracts, IAS 18 Revenue and related interpretations and it applies, with limited exceptions, to all revenue arising from contracts with customers. IFRS 15 establishes a five-step model to account for revenue arising from contracts with customers and requires that revenue be recognized at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer.

IFRS 15 requires entities to exercise judgement, taking into consideration all of the relevant facts and circumstances when applying each step of the model to contracts with their customers. The standard also specifies the accounting for the incremental costs of obtaining a contract and the costs directly related to fulfilling a contract. In addition, the standard requires relevant disclosures. The management reviewed and assessed the Bank's existing contracts with the customers in accordance with the guidance included in IFRS 15 and concluded that there is no material impact on the revenue recognition of the Bank.

The adoption of the above standards, amendments, improvements to accounting standards and interpretations did not have any effect on the financial statements.

State Bank of Pakistan prescribed a new format for financial statements of banks effective from the year ended December 31, 2018. Accordingly, these financial statements are prepared in accordance with the new format. The changes impacting (other than certain presentation changes) these financial statements include:

- Inclusion of surplus on revaluation of assets as part of equity (previously shown below equity). (Note 17)
- Intangible assets are now being shown separately on the statement of financial position (previously shown as part of the operating fixed assets). (Note 10)
- Other provisions / write offs have now been combined under provisions and write offs net (Note 25)

In addition, the Companies Act, 2017 also became effective for the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017. As the Bank's financial statements are prepared in accordance with the format prescribed by SBP, it did not have a direct impact on the financial statements.

#### 2.3 Standards, interpretations of and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective.

The following revised standards, amendments and interpretations with respect to the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan become effective during current year:

Standards	s, amendments or interpretation	Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)
IAS 1	Presentation of Financial Statements Amendments	01 January 2020
IAS 8	Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors Amendments	01 January 2020
IAS 12	Income Taxes – Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2015–2017 Cycle	01 January 2019
1AS 19	Employee Benefits – Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement (Amendments)	01 January 2019
IAS 23	Borrowing Costs – Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2015–2017 Cycle	01 January 2019
IAS 28	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures – Long- term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures	01 January 2019
IFRS 3	Business Combinations – Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2015–2017 Cycle	01 January 2019
IFRS 3	Business Combinations Amendments	01 January 2020
IFRS 9	Financial Instruments – Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation (Amendments)	01 January 2019
IFRS 16	Leases	01 January 2019
IFRS 11	Joint Arrangements – Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2015–2017 Cycle	01 January 2019
IFRIC 23	Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting	01 January 2019 01 January 2020

In addition to the above, the following new standards have been issued by IASB which are yet to be notified by the SECP for the purpose of applicability in Pakistan:

Effective date (annual

Standard or Interpretation		periods beginning on or
		after)
IFRS - 1	First - Adoption of International Financial Reporting	
	Standards	
IFRS - 14	Regulatory Deferral Accounts	01 January 2016
IFRS - 17	Insurance Contracts	01 January 2021

IFRS - 9 - Financial Instruments - The Bank is currently awaiting instructions from the SBP as applicability of IFRS - 9 was deferred by the SBP till further instructions.

The Bank expects that the adoption of the above standards will have no significant material effect on the Bank's financial statements, in the period of initial application.

#### 2.4 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions and judgments are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to accounting estimates is recognized prospectively in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumption and estimates are significant to the financial statements are as follows:-

- i) Classification and provisioning against investment
- ii) Impairment of 'available for sale' equity investments
- iii) Income taxes
- iv) Classification and provisioning against advances
- v) Depreciation, amortization and revaluation of operating fixed assets
- vi) Obligation under defined benefit plan
- vii) Fair value of derivatives
- viii) Fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities

#### 3. BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except that free hold land and securities (available for sale) have been recognized in these financial statements at revalued amounts. In addition, obligation in respect of staff retirement benefits is carried at present value.

#### 4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these unconsolidated financial statements have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these unconsolidated financial statements of the Bank, except for the following:

#### 4.1 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and balances with treasury banks and balances with other banks in current and deposit accounts.

#### 4.2 Deposits

Deposits are recorded at the proceeds received. The cost of borrowings / deposits is recognized as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

#### 4.3 Investments

The Bank classifies its investments as follows:

#### Held-to-maturity securities

These are securities with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity in respect of which the Bank has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity.

#### Available-for-sale securities

These are investments, other than those in subsidiaries and associates, that do not fall under the 'held for trading' or 'held to maturity' categories.

Investments are initially recognized at cost which in case of investments other than 'held for trading' include transaction costs associated with the investment.

Investments in quoted securities other than held to maturity are valued at market prices prevailing at the terminal date except investments in government securities, and the difference between the carrying value and the revalued amount of available for sale is recognized in the surplus / (deficit). Gain or loss on disposal is charged to current year's profit and loss account.

Investments in unquoted securities are carried out at lower of cost and breakup value less impairment loss, if any.

In accordance with the requirements of the State Bank of Pakistan, quoted securities, other than those classified as 'held to maturity', investments in subsidiaries and investments in associates are subsequently re-measured to market value. Surplus / (deficit) arising on revaluation of quoted securities which are classified as 'available for sale', is taken to a separate account which is shown in the balance sheet below equity.

Impairment loss in respect of investments classified as available for sale (except for quoted securities) and held to maturity is recognized based on management's assessment of objective evidence of significant and prolong decline in the estimated future cash flows of such securities, and charged to profit and loss account. Surplus / (deficit) arising on revaluation of quoted securities which are classified as available for sale is taken to a separate account which is shown in the statement of financial position below equity.

#### 4.4 Advances

Advances are stated net of general and specific provisions. Specific provision is determined in accordance with the requirements of the Prudential Regulations and other directives issued by SBP and charged to the profit and loss account. Provisions are held against identified as well as unidentified losses. Provisions against unidentified losses includes general provision against Consumer and Small Enterprise (SEs) loans made in accordance with the requirements of the Prudential Regulations issued by SBP and provision based on historical loss experience on advances. Advances are written off when there are no realistic prospect of recovery.

#### 4.5 Fixed assets and depreciation

#### a) Tangible assets

Property and equipment owned by the Bank, other than land which is not depreciated, are stated at cost or revalued amount less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Land is carried at revalued amount.

Depreciation is carried over the estimated useful lives of the related fixed assets at the rates specified in note 9.2 on monthly diminishing balance method, except vehicles which are being depreciated on straight line method. Depreciation on additions is charged from the month the assets are available for use while no depreciation is charged in the month in which the assets are disposed.

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. All expenditures connected with specific assets incurred during installation and construction period are carried under this head. These are transferred to relevant asset as and when assets become available for use.

Surplus on revaluation of land and buildings is credited to the surplus on revaluation account. Revaluation is carried out with sufficient regularity to ensure that the carrying amount of the assets does not differ materially from the fair value. To the extent of the incremental depreciation charged on the revalued assets, the related surplus on revaluation of land and buildings is transferred directly to unappropriated profit.

Gain / losses on sale of property and equipment are credited / charged to the profit and loss account currently, except that the related surplus on revaluation of land and buildings (net of deferred taxation) is transferred directly to unappropriated profit.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or are recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Bank and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are charged to the profit and loss account.

#### b) Intangible assets

Intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any. The cost of intangible assets is amortized over their estimated useful lives, using the straight line method. Amortization is charged from the month the assets are available for use at the rate stated in note 10. The useful lives are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each reporting date.

#### 4.6 Crop insurance and Live Stock insurance recoverable

Crop insurance and Live Stock insurance recoverable are receivables from State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) which are paid after verification of documentation by SBP. The Bank recognizes its receivables on the basis of claims lodged by the Bank with SBP.

#### 4.7 Taxation

### a) Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income for the year determined in accordance with the prevailing laws for taxation. The charge for current tax is calculated using the prevailing tax rates or tax rates expected to apply to the profits for the year.

#### b) Prior

The taxation charge for prior years represents adjustments to the tax charge relating to prior years, arising from assessments/changes in laws and changes in estimates made during the current year.

#### c) Deferred

Deferred tax is recognized using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities used for financial reporting purposes and amounts used for taxation purposes. In addition, the Bank also records deferred tax asset on available tax losses.

Deferred tax is calculated using the rates that are expected to apply to the period when the differences reverse based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilized.

The carrying amount of the deferred tax asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized.

The Bank also recognizes deferred tax asset / liability on deficit / surplus on revaluation of securities / fixed assets which is adjusted against the related deficit / surplus in accordance with the requirements of IAS 12 'Income Taxes'.

Deferred tax liability is not recognized in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with exchange translation reserves of foreign operations, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

#### 4.8 Revenue recognition and other items

Mark-up income / interest on advances and returns on investments are recognized on a time proportion basis except that mark-up income / interest / returns on non-performing advances and investments are recognized on receipt basis in accordance with the requirements of the Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP. Interest / returns / mark-up on rescheduled / restructured advances and investments are recognized as permitted by the SBP, except where, in the opinion of the management, it would not be prudent to do so.

Fees, commission, brokerage, and other income are recognized on receipt basis, whereas mark up on advances, rental income, markup on deposits & on investment in government securities, mark up on customer's deposits are recognized on accrual basis.

Dividend income from investments is recognized when the Bank's right to receive the dividend is established.

Gain / loss on sale of investments is credited / charged to profit and loss account currently.

#### 4.9 Staff retirement benefits

The Bank operates the following staff retirement benefit schemes for its eligible employees:

### Defined benefit plans

The Bank operates an approved funded pension scheme, an un-funded gratuity scheme and an un-funded employee compensated absences for its eligible employees. An actuarial valuation of all defined benefit schemes is conducted every year. The valuation is based on the Projected Unit Credit method. Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability / assets which comprise actuarial gains and losses, return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest) are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income. Past-service costs (if any) are recognized immediately in profit and loss account when the plan amendment occurs.

#### **Defined contribution plan**

The Bank operates an approved provident fund scheme for its regular permanent employees, administered by the Trustees.

#### Gratuity opted employees

Equal monthly contributions are made by both employees and the Bank to the fund at the rate of 10% of the basic salary in accordance with the terms of the scheme.

#### Pension opted employees

Monthly contribution is made by the Bank to the fund at the rate of 15% of the basic salary in accordance with the terms of the scheme.

#### 4.10 Impairment of assets

The carrying amount of the Bank's assets are reviewed at each date of statement of financial position for impairment. If such indication exists, and whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value exceeds the estimated recoverable amount, assets are written down to their recoverable amount. The resulting impairment loss is taken to profit and loss account except for impairment loss on revalued assets which is adjusted against the revaluation surplus to the extent that the impairment loss does not exceed the surplus on revaluation of assets.

#### 4.11 Financial instruments

#### 4.11.1 Financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Bank becomes a party to the contractual provision of the instrument. Financial assets are de–recognized when the contractual right to future cash flows from the asset expires or is transferred along with the risk and reward of the asset. Financial liabilities are de–recognized when obligation specific in the contract is extinguished. Any gain or loss on de–recognition of the financial asset and liability is recognized in the profit and loss assets and financial liabilities are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with them.

#### 4.11.2 Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are only offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and the Bank intends to either settle on net basis or to realize the assets and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 4.11.3 Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets

Regular way' purchases and sales of financial assets are those contracts which require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by the regulation or convention in the market. 'Regular way' purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on trade dates.

#### 4.12 Provision

A provision is recognized in the balance sheet when the Bank has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event; it is probable that an outflow of economic resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation.

#### 4.13 Contingencies & commitments

Capital commitments and contingencies, unless those are actual liabilities, are not incorporated in the accounts.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when:

There is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non occurrence of one or more uncertain future events wholly within the control of the Bank.

There is a present obligation that arises from past events but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

#### 4.14 Business Segment reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Bank that is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments. A business segment is one that is engaged either in providing certain products or services, whereas a geographical segment is one engaged in providing certain products or services within a particular economic environment. Segment information is presented as per the Bank's functional and management reporting structure. The Bank's primary segment reporting is based on following business

#### a. Retail financing

Retail financing deals with the retail customers. It mainly includes services of savings and current accounts to the retail customers.

#### b. Commercial banking

Commercial banking provides services to commercial customers including agriculture sector. It includes loans, deposits and other transactions with commercial customers.

#### 4.15 Geographical segment reporting

Geographically, the Bank operates only in the province of Punjab, Pakistan.

# THE PUNJAB PROVINCIAL COOPERATIVE BANK LIMITED NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

5	CASH AND BALANCES WITH TREASURY BANKS	Note	2019 Rupees in	2018 ' <b>'000</b>
	In hand Local currency		294,797	790,952
	With State Bank of Pakistan in Local currency current account	5.1	302,599	340,681
	With National Bank of Pakistan in Local currency current account Local currency deposit account (NIDA)	5.2	72,419 72,453 144,872	66,132 20,991 87,123
		<u> </u>	742,268	1,218,756

- **5.1** Deposits with SBP are maintained to comply with the statutory requirements issued from time to time.
- **5.2** Rate of profit on NIDA account is at 10.25% per annum (2018 : 3.75% per annum).

### 6 BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS

	7,321	8,529
6.1	952,196	797,036
<u> </u>	959,517	805,565
	6.1	6.1 952,196

**6.1** These accounts carry profit rates ranging from 8.75% to 10.25% per annum (2018 : 2.75% to 5.9%) per annum.

## THE PUNJAB PROVINCIAL COOPERATIVE BANK LIMITED NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

FOR THE	YEAR	ENDED	JUNE	30,	2019

Cost / Amortised cost   Cost / Amortised cost   Cost / Amortised cost   Cost / Amortised diminution   Cost / Cos	7 INVESTMENTS			201	19			201	8	
Available-for-sale securities   Shares - Listed companies   Cooperative institutions   Cooperative i	7.1 Investments by type:					Carrying Value			-	Carrying Value
Shares - Listed companies   7,023   - 397,428   404,451   7,023   - 516,704   523,727   516,705   516,704   523,727   516,705   516,704   523,727   516,705   516,704   523,727   516,705   516,704   523,689   516,704   525,68			1	1		Rupees	in '000			
Shares - Cooperative Institutions   3.551   (1.589)   -   1.962   3.551   (1.589)   -   1.962										
Held-to-maturity securities				-	397,428	· ·	7,023	-	516,704	523,727
Held-to-maturity securities	Shares - Cooperative Instit	rutions	3,551	(1,589)	<u>-</u>	1,962	3,551	(1,589)	-	1,962
Market Treasury Bills			10,574	(1,589)	397,428	406,413	10,574	(1,589)	516,704	525,689
Pakistan Investment Bonds   Non-Banking Finance Company   88,059   (88,059)   -   -   -   88,059   (88,059)   -   -   -   2,385,939     -     -     -     -       -	· ·	ies	<del>,</del>							
Non-Banking Finance Company   88,059   (88,059)   -     -			2,469,985	-	-	2,469,985	2,385,939	-	-	2,385,939
Total Investments			-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Total Investments	Non-Banking Finance Cor	npany	88,059	(88,059)	-	-	88,059	(88,059)	-	-
Cost   Amortised cost   Provision for cost   Cost   Carrying Value   Cost   Amortised cost   Cost   Carrying Value   Carrying Value   Cost   Carryin			2,558,044	(88,059)	-	2,469,985	2,473,998	(88,059)	-	2,385,939
Cost   Amortised cost   Provision for cost   Cost   Carrying Value   Cost   Amortised cost   Cost   Carrying Value   Carrying Value   Cost   Carryin	<b>Total Investments</b>		2,568,618	(89,648)	397,428	2,876,398	2,484,572	(89,648)	516,704	2,911,628
Cost   Amortised cost   Provision for diminution   Surplus   Carrying Value   Cost   Amortised cost   Provision for diminution   Cost   Carrying Value   Cost   Amortised cost   Provision for diminution   Cost   Carrying Value   Cost   Amortised cost   Cost   Amortised cost   Cost   Carrying Value   Cost   Cost   Carrying Value   Cost   Carrying Value   Cost   Carrying Value   Cost   Cost   Cost   Carrying Value   Cost   Carrying Value   Cost   Cost   Cost   Cost   Cost   Carrying Value   Cost   Cost   Cost   Cost   Cost   Cost   Cost   Carrying Value   Cost   Cost   Cost   Cost   Cost   Cost   Cost   Carrying Value   Cost   Carrying Value   Cost   Cost				•				, , ,		
Carrying Value				201	19			201	8	
Federal Government Securities:   Market Treasury Bills   2,469,985   -   -   2,469,985   2,385,939   -   -   2,385,939	7.2 Investments by segments	:				Carrying Value			-	Carrying Value
Federal Government Securities:   Market Treasury Bills   2,469,985   -   -   2,469,985   2,385,939   -   -   2,385,939						Rupees	in '000			
Investment with other financial institutions   Non-Banking Finance Company   88,059   (88,059)   -   -   88,059   (88,059)   -   -   -	Federal Government Sec	urities:				-				
Non-Banking Finance Company  88,059  (88,059)  88,059  (88,059)  Shares:  Listed Companies  7,023  - 397,428  404,451  7,023  - 516,704  523,727  Cooperative institutions  3,551  (1,589)  - 1,962  397,428  406,413  10,574  (1,589)  516,704  525,689	Market Treasury Bills		2,469,985	-	-	2,469,985	2,385,939	-	-	2,385,939
Shares:       Listed Companies     7,023     -     397,428     404,451     7,023     -     516,704     523,727       Cooperative institutions     3,551     (1,589)     -     1,962     3,551     (1,589)     -     1,962       10,574     (1,589)     397,428     406,413     10,574     (1,589)     516,704     525,689	Investment with other fir	nancial institution	s							
Listed Companies 7,023 - 397,428 404,451 7,023 - 516,704 523,727 Cooperative institutions 3,551 (1,589) - 1,962 3,551 (1,589) - 1,962 10,574 (1,589) 397,428 406,413 10,574 (1,589) 516,704 525,689	Non-Banking Finance C	Company	88,059	(88,059)	-	-	88,059	(88,059)	-	-
Listed Companies 7,023 - 397,428 404,451 7,023 - 516,704 523,727 Cooperative institutions 3,551 (1,589) - 1,962 3,551 (1,589) - 1,962 10,574 (1,589) 397,428 406,413 10,574 (1,589) 516,704 525,689	Shares:									
Cooperative institutions         3,551         (1,589)         -         1,962         3,551         (1,589)         -         1,962           10,574         (1,589)         397,428         406,413         10,574         (1,589)         516,704         525,689	Listed Companies		7,023	-	397,428	404,451	7,023	-	516,704	523,727
<b>10,574</b> (1,589) 397,428 406,413 10,574 (1,589) 516,704 525,689	•			(1,589)	- -	1,962		(1,589)	- -	· ·
Total Investments 2 568 618 (89 648) 307 428 2 876 398 2 484 572 (89 648) 516 704 2 011 628	•			(1,589)	397,428	406,413			516,704	
1 that investments 2,500,010 (07,040) 577,576 2,704,570 2,704,572 (07,040) 510,704 2,511,020	Total Investments		2,568,618	(89,648)	397,428	2,876,398	2,484,572	(89,648)	516,704	2,911,628

## THE PUNJAB PROVINCIAL COOPERATIVE BANK LIMITED NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

7.3	Provision for diminution in value of inves	stments		2019	2018
				Rupees	in '000
7.3.1	Opening balance			89,648	89,648
	Exchange adjustments			-	-
	Charge / reversals			-	-
	Closing Balance			89,648	89,648
7.3.2	Particulars of provision against debt secu	ırities			
	Category of classification	201	19	201	8
		NPI	Provision	NPI	Provision
	Domestic				
	Other assets especially mentioned	-	-	-	-
	Substandard	-	-	-	-
	Doubtful	-	-	-	-
	Loss	1,589	1,589	1,589	1,589
	_	1,589	1,589	1,589	1,589
	Overseas				
	Not past due but impaired	-	-	-	-
	Overdue by:				
	Upto 90 days	-	-	-	-
	91 to 180 days	-	-	-	-
	181 to 365 days	-	-	-	-
	> 365 days	-	-	-	-
		-	-	-	-
	Total	1,589	1,589	1,589	1,589

#### 7.4 Quality of Available for Sale Securities

Details regarding quality of Available for Sale (AFS) securities are as follows

	 2019	2018	
	Co	ost	
	 Rupees in '000		
Shares			
Listed Companies			
Paper Manufacturing	6,708	6,708	
Textile	315	315	
	7,023	7,023	

	20	19	2018				
Unlisted Companies	Cost	Breakup value	Cost	Breakup value			
	Rupees in '000						
Coop: Insurance Society of Pakistan	1,919	10	1,919	10			
National Coop. Supply Corporation	43	100	43	100			
Coop: Investment & Management Agency	341	100	341	100			
Oberoi Coop: Society Sialkot	71	1,000	71	1,000			
Shahdara Pioneer Coop: M.P. Society	300	100	300	100			
Lahore Central Coop: Store	536	100	536	100			
Jhelum Distt. Coop: Society	1	100	1	100			
All Pakistan Coop: Multi Purpose Society	11	1,000	11	1,000			
Punjab Prov. Coop: Cotton Corp.	65	500	65	500			
Pakistan Product Coop: Marketing	-	100	-	100			
Anjuman Imdad-e-Bahami M.P. Society	12	100	12	100			
Pioneer Coop: Leather & Rubber Society	30	1,000	30	1,000			
Punjab Prov. Coop: Marketing	2	500	2	500			
West Pakistan Coop: Consumer Society	1	100	1	100			
Sargodha Distt. Coop: Society	18	500	18	500			
Sialkot Central Coop: Multi Purpose Society	-	100	-	100			
Multan Distt. Coop: Multi Purpose Society	8	50	8	50			
Lyalpur Distt. Coop: Multi Purpose Society	10	100	10	100			
Lyalpur Distt. Coop: Store	1	100	1	100			
Montgomery Coop: Society	102	100	102	100			
Bahawalpur Coop: Society	25	100	25	100			
Arifwala Mills Society	45	100	45	100			
Jhang Coop: Supervising	-	10	-	10			
Rawalpindi Multi Purpose Union	10	50	10	50			
	3,551		3,551				

- **7.4.1** These securities have a maturity period of six months with yield ranging from 11.16% to 12.66% (2018: 5.60% to 6.00%) per annum.
- **7.4.2** The Bank has filed a petition against TIBL in Honorable Lahore High Court, Lahore for recovery of Rs. 88.059 million plus markup (not incorporated in accounts being doubtful of recovery) as on September 15, 2015. However, based on financial health of TIBL, a provision for diminution of Rs. 88.059 million has already been made in the financial statements.

7.5 Particulars relating to held to maturity securities are as follows:	2019	2018
	Co	ost
	Rupees	in '000
Federal Government Securities - Government guaranteed		
Market Treasury Bills	2,469,985	2,385,939

### 8 ADVANCES

		Performing		Non Per	forming	Total		
		2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
				Rupee	s in '000			
	Loans, cash credits, running finances, etc.	9,089,123	9,524,894	2,378,732	2,288,968	11,467,855	11,813,862	
	Islamic financing and related assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Bills discounted and purchased		-	184	184	184	184	
	Advances - gross	9,089,123	9,524,894	2,378,916	2,289,152	11,468,039	11,814,046	
	Provision against advances							
	- Specific	-	-	1,605,893	1,605,893	1,605,893	1,605,893	
	- General	-	-	378	378	378	378	
		-	-	1,606,271	1,606,271	1,606,271	1,606,271	
	Advances - net of provision	9,089,123	9,524,894	772,645	682,881	9,861,768	10,207,775	
						2019	2018	
8.1	Particulars of advances (Gross)					Rupees	in '000	
	In local currency					11,468,039	11,814,046	
	In foreign currencies				;		<del>-</del>	
					:	11,468,039	11,814,046	

**8.2** Advances include Rs.2,378,732 thousands (2018: Rs.2,288,968 thousands) which have been placed under non-performing status as detailed below:-

	201	19	2018		
Catagory of Classification	Non		Non		
Category of Classification	Performing	Provision	Performing	Provision	
	Loans		Loans		
		Rupe	s in '000		
Domestic					
Other Assets Especially Mentioned	391,316	92	389,235	124	
Substandard	304,444	4,070	229,901	2,604	
Doubtful	168,928	14,330	173,751	14,803	
Loss	1,514,044	1,473,235	1,496,081	1,447,417	
	2,378,732	1,491,727	2,288,968	1,464,948	
Overseas					
Not past due but impaired	-	-	-	-	
Overdue by:					
Upto 90 days	-	-	-	-	
91 to 180 days	-	-	-	-	
181 to 365 days	-	-	-	-	
> 365 days	-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	
Total	2,378,732	1,491,727	2,288,968	1,464,948	

8.3	Particulars of provision against advances		2019		2018			
		Specific	General 	Total Rupee	Specific s in '000	General	Total	
	Opening balance	1,605,893	378	1,606,271	1,605,893	378	1,606,271	
	Exchange adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Charge for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Reversals	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	•	1,605,893	378	1,606,271	1,605,893	378	1,606,271	
	Amounts written off	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Amounts charged off - agriculture financing	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Closing balance	1,605,893	378	1,606,271	1,605,893	378	1,606,271	

### 8.3.1 Particulars of provision against advances

		2019		2018		
	Specific	General	Total	Specific	General	Total
			Rupe	es in '000		
In local currency	1,605,893	378	1,606,271	1,605,893	378	1,606,271
In foreign currencies	_	-	ı	-	-	-
	1,605,893	378	1,606,271	1,605,893	378	1,606,271

**8.4** The bank has not adjusted its non-performing loans amounting to Rs. 678.680/- million (2018: 673.468/- million including mark-up thereon, against properties decreed in favor of Bank due to pending possession disputes.

			2019	2018
9	FIXED ASSETS		Rupees	in '000
	Capital work-in-progress	9.1	37,351	33,984
	Property and equipment	9.2	7,142,384	7,142,177
	Intangible assets	10	1,778	3,935
			7,181,513	7,180,096
9.1	Capital work-in-progress			
	Civil works		23,762	23,762
	Equipment		-	-
	Advances to suppliers intangible assets)		13,589	10,222
	Others (ATM Machines)		_	-
			37,351	33,984

### 9.2 Property and Equipment

Troperty and Equipment		2019								
	Freehold land	Leasehold land	Building on Freehold land	Building on Leasehold land	Furniture and fixture	Electrical, office and computer equipment	Vehicles	Telephone exchange & conference system	Arms & ammunitions	Total
			-		Rupe	es '000				
At July 1, 2018										
Cost / Revalued amount	6,402,535	576,719	151,344	5,336	49,499	69,493	71,271	1,197	275	7,327,669
Accumulated depreciation	-	-	(56,101)	(2,401)	(33,940)	(38,324)	(53,472)	(1,032)	(222)	(185,492)
Net book value	6,402,535	576,719	95,243	2,935	15,559	31,169	17,799	165	53	7,142,177
Year ended June 2019										
Opening net book value	6,402,535	576,719	95,243	2,935	15,559	31,169	17,799	165	53	7,142,177
Additions	-	-	3,257	188	3,136	6,284	7,432	24	2	20,323
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation charge		-	(2,457)	(78)	(5,199)	(6,182)	(6,143)	(47)	(10)	(20,116)
Closing net book value	6,402,535	576,719	96,043	3,045	13,496	31,271	19,088	142	45	7,142,384
At June 30, 2019										
Cost / Revalued amount	6,402,535	576,719	154,601	5,524	52,635	75,777	78,703	1,221	277	7,347,992
Accumulated depreciation		-	(58,558)	(2,479)	(39,139)	(44,506)	(59,615)	(1,079)	(232)	(205,608)
Net book value	6,402,535	576,719	96,043	3,045	13,496	31,271	19,088	142	45	7,142,384
Rate of depreciation (percentage)		-	2.5%	2.5%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	

					2	018				
	Freehold land	Leasehold land	Building on Freehold land	Building on Leasehold land	Furniture and fixture	Electrical, office and computer equipment	Vehicles	Telephone exchange & conference system	Arms & ammunitions	Total
		•	·		Rupe	es '000			·	·
At July 1, 2017										-
Cost / Revalued amount	6,402,535	576,719	142,971	4,286	43,423	60,666	72,909	1,108	270	7,304,887
Accumulated depreciation	-	-	(53,902)	(2,325)	(30,974)	(31,967)	(51,982)	(1,008)	(209)	(172,367)
Net book value	6,402,535	576,719	196,873	6,611	74,397	92,633	124,891	2,116	479	7,477,254
Year ended June 2018										
Opening net book value	6,402,535	576,719	89,069	1,961	12,449	28,699	20,927	100	61	7,132,520
Additions	-	-	9,701	1,050	6,076	8,827	3,442	89	5	29,190
Disposals	_	-	(1,328)	-	_	-	(5,080)	-	-	(6,408)
Depreciation charge	-	-	(2,436)	(76)	(2,966)	(6,357)	(6,570)	(24)	(13)	(18,442)
Other adjustments / transfers	_	-	237	-	-	-	5,080	-	-	5,317
Closing net book value	6,402,535	576,719	95,243	2,935	15,559	31,169	17,799	165	53	7,142,177
A. I. 20 2010										
At June 30, 2018	6 402 525	576.710	151 244	5.226	40, 400	60.402	71.071	1 107	275	-
Cost / Revalued amount	6,402,535	576,719	151,344	5,336	49,499	69,493	71,271	1,197	275	7,327,669
Accumulated depreciation	- 402.525		(56,101)	(2,401)	(33,940)	(38,324)	(53,472)	(1,032)	(222)	(185,492)
Net book value	6,402,535	576,719	95,243	2,935	15,559	31,169	17,799	165	53	7,142,177
Rate of depreciation (percentage)	-	-	2.5%	2.5%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	

- 9.2.1 Included in cost of property and equipment are fully depreciated assets that are still in use of the Bank. Moreover, the Bank has policy to report fully depreciated asset at nominal value for identification purposes.
- 9.2.2 Freehold land was revalued on Feb 10, 2017 by Star Tech Consultants, an independent professional valuer firm, on the basis of fair market value. This revaluation resulted in surplus of Rs. 1,941,268 thousand in respect of freehold land. However, without the effect of revaluation, the carrying amount of the land would have been Rs.110.479 million (2018: Rs.110.479 million). Fair value has been assessed under 'fair value hierarchy: level 3'.
- 9.2.3 Leasehold land was revalued on Feb 10, 2017 by Star Tech Consultants, an independent professional valuer firm, on the basis of fair market value. This revaluation resulted in surplus of Rs. 576,719 thousand in respect of leasehold land. However, without the effect of revaluation, the carrying amount of the land would have been Rs. Nil (2018:Rs. Nil). Fair value has been assessed under 'fair value hierarchy: level 3'.

- 9.2.4 The value of land and buildings include properties under litigation / disputes amounts to Rs. 175.687 million (2018: Rs. 101.183 million) for which legal title has been acquired but the physical possession is under dispute. The ultimate outcome of disputes cannot be determined properly and management is of the view that no impairment is required to be recognised in these financial statements.
- **9.2.5** Fair value of property and equipment excluding land and buildings is not expected to be materially different from their carrying amount.

		2019	2018
10 INTANGIBLE ASSETS	S	Computer so	oftware
		Rupees in	'000
At July 01, 2018			
Cost		10,787	10,787
Accumulated amortisation	1	(6,852)	(4,695)
Net book value		3,935	6,092
Year ended June 2019			
Opening net book value		3,935	6,092
Additions		-	-
Impairment loss recognise	ed in the profit and loss account - net	-	-
Disposals		-	-
Amortisation charge		(2,157)	(2,157)
Closing net book value		1,778	3,935
At June 30, 2019			
Cost		10,787	10,787
Accumulated amortisation	n and impairment	(9,009)	(6,852)
Net book value		1,778	3,935
Rate of amortisation (per	centage)	20%	20%

10.1 The balance of the intangible assets solely relates to the Bank Smart Software system used by the Bank.

11

DEFERRED TAX ASSETS	2019	2018
	Rupees i	n '000
Deductible Temporary Differences on		
- Provision for gratuity	80,392	89,161
- Provision for compensated leave absence	189,975	245,946
- Provision for employees pension fund	2,693,863	2,755,956
- Provision for other assets	66,479	66,479
- Provision for salary payable	264,285	44,285
- Provision against non-performing advances	1,606,271	1,606,271
	4,901,265	4,808,098
Taxable Temporary Differences on		
- Operating fixed assets	612,912	40,191
- Investment	395,839	427,056
- Accelerated tax depreciation	-	-
	1,008,751	467,247
Temporary differences for which no deffered tax is recognized	3,892,514	4,340,851

In the absence of future taxable profit projections due to unanticipated circumstances, amount of Rs. 1,362,380 thousands (2018: 1,519,298 thousands) has not been recognized as deferred tax asset.

		Note	2019	2018
12	OTHER ASSETS		Rupees in	'000
	Income/ Mark-up accrued in local currency - net of provision		650,743	681,018
	Advances, deposits, advance rent and other prepayments		3,326	14,953
	Sundry debtors		2,361	2,440
	Profit recoverable from banks		5,673	4,658
	Crop insurance recoverable		139,003	107,338
	Live stock insurance recoverable		12,732	20,429
	Others		86,425	93,118
			900,263	923,954
	Less: Provision held against other assets	12.1	(66,479)	(66,479)
	Other Assets (Net of Provision)		833,784	857,475
	Other Assets - total		833,784	857,475
12.1	Provision held against other assets			
	Advances, deposits, advance rent & other prepayments		-	-
	Non banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims		-	-
	Others		(66,479)	(66,479)
			(66,479)	(66,479)
			2019	2018
12.1.1	Movement in provision held against other assets		Rupees in	'000
	Opening balance		(66,479)	(66,479)
	Charge for the year		-	-
	Reversals		-	-
	Amount Written off		-	-
	Closing balance		(66,479)	(66,479)
13	BILLS PAYABLE			
			52,635	55,502

### 14 DEPOSITS AND OTHER ACCOUNTS

		2019				
	In Local Currency	a Total		In Local Currency	In Foreign currencies	Total
			Rupe	es in '000		
Customers						
Fixed deposits	246,447	-	246,447	773,606	-	773,606
Savings deposits	3,043,218	-	3,043,218	3,124,543	-	3,124,543
Current accounts - non remunerative	1,232,982	-	1,232,982	1,364,272	-	1,364,272
Call deposits	3,339	-	3,339	10,010	-	10,010
Other deposits	53,996	-	53,996	51,752	-	51,752
	4,579,982	-	4,579,982	5,324,183	-	5,324,183
Financial Institutions						
Fixed deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-
Savings deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-
Current accounts - non remunerative	-	-	-	-	-	-
Call deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-
		-	-	-		
	4,579,982	-	4,579,982	5,324,183		5,324,183

14.1 Others deposits include staff security deposits and employees' provident fund deposits.

		2019	2018
		Rupees	in '000
14.2	Composition of deposits		
	- Individuals	4,191,363	4,890,682
	- Government (Federal and Provincial)	2,404	1,274
	- Private Sector	386,215	432,161
		4,579,982	5,324,117

The above deposits includes eligible deposits amounting to Rs. 4,452.396 million (2018: Rs. 5,041.880 million) vide DPC Circular No. 04 of 2018 dated 22 June 2018.

			2019	2018
15	OTHER LIABILITIES		Rupees	in '000
	Mark-up/ Return/ Interest payable in local currency		58,329	45,490
	Accrued expenses		8,745	6,593
	Provision for salary payable / VSS Package		264,285	164,285
	Sundry creditors	15.1	66,357	66,845
	Advance taxation (payments less provisions)		88,587	43,817
	Dissolved bank payable		37,427	37,427
	Provision for employees' gratuity		80,392	89,161
	Provision for employees' pension fund		2,693,886	2,755,956
	Provision for employees' compensated absences		189,952	245,946
	Withholding tax payable		10,456	10,710
	Branch adjustment		102,322	17,895
	Others		23,812	84,963
			3,624,550	3,569,088

15.1 This includes amounts of Rs. 6,274 thousands payable on account of Rahwali Sugar Mills and Bid Money of Rs. 12,300 thousand for sale of land at Thokar Niaz Baig. The bid money was forfeited by the Bank as per settled agreement with respect to auction of the land in 1999 on failure of the purchaser to deposit the remaining purchase money. However, the purchaser has filed a suit in the court against the Bank for recovery of the above said amounts that is pending for adjudication.

#### 16 SHARE CAPITAL

#### 16.1 Authorized Capital

The authorized share capital consist of an unlimited number of shares of the value of one hundred rupees, as per Section 4 of the Punjab Provincial Cooperative Bank Limited Bye-laws 2010.

#### 16.2 Issued, subscribed and paid up Capital

	2019 Number o	2018 f Shares			2019 Rupees is	2018 n '000
	78,492,691 375,730 - 78,868,421 (13,519) 78,854,902	78,492,691 375,730 - 78,868,421 (12,859) 78,855,562	Ordinary shares of Rs. 100 each Fully paid in cash Issued as bonus shares Issued for consideration other than cash Shares refunded	- 16.2.1 - -	7,849,269 37,573 - 7,886,842 (1,352) 7,885,490	7,849,269 37,573 - 7,886,842 (1,286) 7,885,556
16.2.1	Shares Refunde	d				
	12,859 1,442 (781)	13,604 - (745)	As at July, 1 Refunded during the year Reissued during the year		1,286 144 (78)	1,360 - (74)
	13,520	12,859	As at June, 30	- -	1,352	1,286

This represents the amount against shares refunded to societies in the event of cessation of membership of a member society as per bye-law 13 of the Punjab Provincial Cooperative Bank Limited Bye-Laws 2010.

- 16.3 State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) vide letter No. BPRD/BACPD/629/023472/15 dated October 26, 2015 relaxed the Minimum Capital Requirement (MCR) for the Bank to Rs. 6 Billion (net of losses) subject to the conditions given below:
  - 1 Increase the bank's paid up capital (net of losses) to Rs. 6 billion by December 31, 2015.
  - 2 Appointment of bank's full time / regular president and constitution of its Board of Directors in line with the SBP's Fit and Proper Test (FPT) criteria and other applicable laws, rules and regulations by November 30, 2015.
  - 3 The bank will submit a strategic plan to function in a self sustainable manner duly meeting applicable regulatory requirements in the areas of risk management, capital, corporate governance etc. The strategic plan should further outline bank business model, proposed commercial banking products / practices and competitive policies, duly supporting the future viability of PPCBL. The plan should be submitted by December 31, 2015.
  - 4 With the exception of expenses towards banks, sovereigns and PSEs, per party exposure limits for all other customers will be 50% of the PRs limit.

The bank due to circumstances beyond its control could not fully comply with the requirements at serial # 2 regarding constitution of Board and serial #3 regarding strategic plan due to non-existence of Board within the prescribed date, whereas serial # 4 is not applicable to the bank. However management of the bank is in process to comply with these conditions fully when the circumstances would allow.

different courts.

17	SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF ASSETS			
	Surplus on revaluation of			
	- Available for sale securities	7.1	397,428	516,704
	- Fixed Assets	17.1	6,868,774	6,868,774
		_	7,266,202	7,385,478
17.1	Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets			
	Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets as at July 1		6,868,774	6,868,774
	Recognised during the year		-	-
	Realised on disposal during the year - net of deferred tax		-	-
	Transferred to unappropriated profit in respect of incremental depreciation charged during the year - net of deferred tax			_
	Related deferred tax liability on incremental		-	-
	depreciation charged during the year		-	-
	Related deferred tax liability on surplus realised on disposal		-	-
	Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets as at June 30	_	6,868,774	6,868,774
18	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS			
	- Commitments	18.1	10,464	10,896
	- Contingencies	18.2	259,043	248,971
		<u> </u>	269,507	259,867
18.1	Commitments:			
	- Civil work		3,530	3,530
	- Intangible assets		6,934	7,366
		<u> </u>	10,464	10,896
18.2	Contingencies			
	The Bank has total of 120 (2018: 119) cases under litigation in	_	259,043	248,971
	different courts			

2019

Rupees in '000

2018

#### 18.2.1 Show cause notice by sales tax-under appeal

The sales tax department had issued a show cause notice dated: 14-07-2003 to the bank stating as to why the sales tax amounting to Rs. 5.041 million had not been paid to the Government in regard to sale of machinery valuing Rs. 33.600 million of Rahwali Sugar Mills to M/s Ali Industrial and Engineering Works, Karachi without charging and depositing sales tax leviable thereon. Further the sales tax department reported that M/s Ali Industrial and Engineering Works filed written statement before Deputy Collector Audit-I, that they had paid sales tax on purchase of such machinery. The bank filed petition against the above show cause notice on the ground that bank had sold debris, scrap and non-operative machinery which were not sales tax leviable items, on which Lahore High Court has suspended the show cause notice vide order dated: 06-08-2003. The case has been remanded to Sales tax department by the Lahore High Court on 18-06-2010, now pending adjudication

#### 18.2.2 Income tax status / exposure:

The Income Tax Returns up to the tax year 2018 has been filed under Self Assessment Scheme with the Income Tax Department of Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) which are "deemed assessment orders" unless selected for Audit or revised under respective sections of Income Tax Ordinance by the FBR Authorities.

- 18.2.3 Further, tax return for the year 2008 was selected for total audit under section 177(4) of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 and Department of Income Tax raised a demand of 435.226 million vide order dated September 29, 2009. CIR (Appeals) vide its order dated January 20, 2010 annulled such assessed amount. Later on, Department went into appeal against the order of CIR (Appeals). ITAT has remanded back the case to Department. The management of the Bank as well as its tax advisor is of the view that the Bank has fair chance to get the decision of these appeals in its favor.
- 18.2.4 The Bank is in litigation with the Income Tax Department where by appeals and cross appeals for the assessment years 1999-2000 to 2002-2003 on account of orders passed under Section 62 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 1979 (Repealed Ordinance), for tax years 2003 to 2007 on account of 122(1) / 122(5A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, for tax year 2010 on account of Section 161/205/221(1) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 where PPCBL and FBR, both are in crossed appeal before Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue with the involvement of Rs.29 thousand and 1,597 thousand respectively, as well as for years 2008 and 2010 and months of June-July 2013 on account of Section 34 of the Federal Excise Act, were pending adjudication before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue, however in case of Tax Year 2003,2008 & 2010 in a combined appeal, Appellate Tribunal has passed an order dated 25.04.2018 wherein Tribunal disallowed the expenses of Rs.63 million and Rs. 22 million in Tax Year 2003 and 2010 respectively whereas PPCBL has filed appeal before LHC in terms of Tax Year 2003 & 2010 and in case of 2008 ATIR has remanded back it to the ACIR. The management of the Bank as well as its tax advisor is of the view that the Bank has fair chance to get the decision of these appeals in its favor.
- 18.2.5 CIR raised demand under section 161/205 of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, for the tax year 2011, to the sum of Rs. 32 million vide order dated October 31, 2014. Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue vide its order dated February 10, 2015 granted stay order on advance payment of 4.831 million. Later on Commissioner (Appeals) vide its order dated 21.06.2017 has deleted all the demand except 0.194 million. Bank has filled appeal before the appellate Tribunal against major demand of Rs.0.194
- 18.2.6 The bank is contingently liable to super tax demand for the tax years 2015 and 2016 in the sum of Rs. 4,423 thousand and 7,740 thousand respectively, as also claimed by the department for the tax year 2015. However management of the bank and its tax advisor are of the view that since the bank is registered under the Cooperative Societies Act, 1925 therefore the provisions of section 4B of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 are not applicable to it. Accordingly the provision for super tax for these tax years have not been recorded in the financial statements.
- 18.2.7 In case of Assessment Years 2012, 2013 and 2014, Additional CIR passed an order u/s 122(5A) dated 30.05.2018 and created liability of Rs.544,285/-, 16,854,582/- and 724,551 respectively. Appeal has been filed before CIR and stay order has been obtained against the notice u/s 138(2) in all respective years.
- 18.2.8 In case of Tax Year 2014, an appeal against an order passed by CIR u/s 182(1) amounting Rs.463,120/- on account of filing of late return of Tax Year 2014, PPCBL has filed appeal before Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue. Further, another appeal has been filed before Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue against an order passed by CIR (Appeal) u/s 129(1)(b) dated 08.01.2018 against order passed by ACIR u/s 161/205, revenue involve in this case is Rs. 3,190,709/-.
- **18.2.9** In case of Assessment Years 2016, Additional CIR passed an order u/s 122(5A) dated 30.11.2017 and created liability of Rs.17,121,660/- Appeal has been filed before CIR(Appeal) and stay order has been obtained against the notice u/s 138(2).
- **18.2.10** PRA had conducted the audit of PST, resultantly liability of Rs.684,682/- was created and Bank filed appeal before Punjab Revenue Appellate Authority, but not heard. In parallel PPCBL has obtained stay order against recovery of the said amount from Honorable Lahore High Court Lahore till the decision of the case.
- 18.2.11 In cases of Assessment Years 2016 & 2017, ACIR-FBR raised demand u/s 161/205 of Income Tax Ordinance 2001, for Rs.8,165,051/- and Rs.8,563,736/- respectively. DCIR-FBR has rectified the demand for the Tax Year 2017 to Rs.3,957,862/- on 30.04.2019. Appeals have been filed before CIR (Appeals-I) against both the order passed by ACIR/DCIR. Further, stay has been granted by Lahore High Court, Lahore against both the demand raised by ACIR/DCIR.

FOR	THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019			
		2019 Rupees in	2018	
19	MARK-UP/RETURN/INTEREST EARNED		Rupces in	000
	On: a) Loans and advances		1,589,896	1,650,043
	b) Investments		209,547	136,981
	c) Balances with banks		110,790	58,283
			1,910,233	1,845,307
20	MARK-UP/RETURN/INTEREST EXPENSED			
	Deposits		207,511	150,119
21	FEE & COMMISSION INCOME	•		
21	TEE & COMMISSION INCOME			
	Branch banking customer fees		6	-
	Commission on utility bills		10,729	10,807
	Commission on guarantees		706	-
	Commission on remittances including home remittances		3,860	2,789
	Commission received on deposit category Commission received on cheque book issuance		1,624	2,065
	Others		2,720	2,634
	Oulers	•	19,645	18,295
		:		10,220
22	OTHER INCOME			
	Rent on property		60,195	52,567
	Profit on Books for Sale.		7,327	8,187
	Gain on sale of fixed assets-net		-	2,506
	Bank and service charges		3,165	8,147
	Loan processing fee Rent on lockers		30,562 1,030	30,787 1,045
	Rent on lockers			· 
		:	102,279	103,239
23	OPERATING EXPENSES			
	Total compensation expense	23.1	1,210,309	1,366,375
	Property expense	·		
	Rent & taxes		40,104	33,433
	Insurance		8,543	2,145
	Utilities cost Security (including guards)		27,882	24,777 17
	Repair & maintenance (including janitorial charges)		4,316	5,738
	Depreciation		2,535	2,512
	•	•	83,404	68,622
	Information technology expenses Amortisation		2 157	2 157
	Amorusation		2,157	2,157
	Other operating expenses			
	Legal & professional charges		8,017	6,419
	Depreciation Postage & courier charges		17,581 5,574	15,930 6,093
	Communication		16,779	16,829
	Stationery & printing		3,911	4,008
	Marketing, advertisement & publicity		1,481	3,691
	Donations		´-	6
	Auditors Remuneration	23.2	4,710	4,045
	Others	l	78,159	71,241
			136,212	128,262
		:	1,432,082	1,565,416

											2019 Rupees in	2018 1 '000' 1
23.1	Total compensation expense											
	Salary & Allowances Fees and Allowances etc Charge for defined benefit plan Conveyance Others										939,118 1,585 242,121 26,867 618	889,081 2,414 451,393 21,365 2,122
	Grand Total									=	1,210,309	1,366,375
23.2	Auditors' remuneration	llyas Saeed & Co	M/s Hasnain Ali & Co.	M/s Akbar & Co.	M/s Kamran & Co.	M/s Fateh & Co.	M/s Abdul Waheed & Co.	M/s S. Mubeen & Co.	M/s S Suleman Arshad & Co.	M/s IECNET SKSSS & Co.	Total	Total
	Audit fee	645	540	510	510	510	450	540	540	420	4,665	3,950
	Half yearly review fee Fee for other statutory certifications	45	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45	- 95
	Fee for audit of employee funds Special certifications and sundry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	advisory services Tax services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Out-of-pocket expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	=	690	540	510	510	510	450		540	420	4,710	4,045
24	OTHER CHARGES											
	Penalties imposed by State Bank of Pakistan									=	651	13
25	PROVISIONS & WRITE OFFS - NET											
	Provisions against lending to financial institut Provisions for diminution in value of investme Provisions against loans & advances Provisions for salary payable Bad debts written off directly Recovery of written off / charged off bad delegated to the salary payable of the salary payable bad delegated to the salary p	nents								7.3.1 8.3	100,000	120,000 - 120,000

FOR	THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019	2010	2010
		2019 Rupees in	2018
26	TAXATION	Kupees iii	000
	Current	68,358	45,570
	Prior years	-	-
	Deferred	- (0.250	- 45.550
		68,358	45,570
26.1	Relationship between tax expense and accounting profit		
	Total revenue for the year	1,863,447	1,850,852
	Toy on tymoyon @ 250/ (2019, 250/)	41 100	22.052
	Tax on turnover @ 35% (2018: 35%) Tax on separate block of income	41,109 27,249	22,052 23,518
	Tax for prior years	27,249	23,318
	Tax for prior years	68,358	45,570
27	BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE		
	Profit for the year	262,356	119,854
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares	78,854,902	78,855,562
	Basic earnings per share	3.33	1.52
	There is no dilutive effect on basic earnings per share during the year.		
28	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
	Cash and Balance with Treasury Banks	742,268	1,218,756
	Balance with other banks	959,517	805,565
	Bulance with other bulks	333,511	005,505
		1,701,785	2,024,321
20	CT A PE CTP PACTU	2019	2018
29	STAFF STRENGTH	(Numbe	r)
	Permanent	1,038	1,024
	On Bank contract	631	606
	Others (Daily wages)	158	156
	Bank's own staff strength at the end of the year	1,827	1,786

#### 30 DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

### 30.1 General description

The Bank operates an unfunded gratuity scheme, a defined benefit plan, for all its employees who have completed the minimum qualifying service period. Under the scheme, the bank pays a lump-sum benefit equal to last drawn monthly gross salary for each year of service to scheme members whereas the members of the scheme are not required to make any contributions to the scheme. The scheme is administered by the management of the bank under the supervision and directions of the administrator of the bank. The amount recognized on statement of financial position represents present value of defined benefit obligation.

### 30.2 Number of Employees under the scheme

The number of employees covered under the following defined benefit schemes are:

		2019	2018
		(Num	ber)
-	Pension fund	1,108	1,086
-	Gratuity fund	266	217
-	Leave encashment scheme	751	806

### 30.3 Principal actuarial assumptions

The actuarial valuations were carried out for June 30, 2019 based on the Projected Unit Credit Method, using the following significant assumptions:

	Pension	ı Fund	Gratuit	ty Fund	Compensat	ed Absence
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Discount rate	14.50%	9.00%	14.25%	9.00%	14.25%	9.00%
Short term salary increase rate	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
Long term salary increase rate	12.50%	8.25%	12.25%	8.25%	12.25%	8.25%
Pension indexation rate	6.75%	1.25%	-	-	-	-
Expected return on plan asset	3.00%	9.00%	-	-	-	-

The expected return on plan assets is based on the market expectations and depends on the asset portfolio of the Bank, at the beginning of the period, for returns over the entire life of the related obligation.

### 30.4 Reconciliation of (receivable from) / payable to defined benefit plans

	Pension Fund		Gratuity Fund		Compensated Absence	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
			Rupe	es in '000		
Present value of obligations	4,407,072	3,956,273	80,393	89,161	189,975	245,946
Fair value of plan assets	(1,713,209)	(1,200,317)	-	-	-	-
(Receivable) / payable	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net payable / (receivable) at the year end	2,693,863	2,755,956	80,393	89,161	189,975	245,946

### 30.5 Movement in defined benefit obligations

	Pension Fund		Gratuity Fund		Compensated Absence	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
			Rupee	es in '000		
Obligations at the beginning of the year	3,956,273	3,295,662	89,161	67,085	245,946	234,510
Current service cost	60,611	71,266	3,210	4,467	496	351
Interest cost	346,940	297,657	8,091	6,137	22,025	21,676
Benefits paid by the Bank	(202,776)	(155,491)	(3,388)	(19,474)	(2,446)	(8,017)
Re-measurement loss / (gain)	246,024	315,159	(16,681)	12,955	(76,046)	(10,231)
Impact of Pension increase/past payments	-	132,020	-	17,991	-	7,657
Obligations at the end of the year	4,407,072	3,956,273	80,393	89,161	189,975	245,946

### 30.6 Movement in (receivable) / payable under defined benefit schemes

	Pension Fund		Gratuity Fund		Compensate	ed Absence
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
			Rupee	s in '000		
Present value of defined benefit						
obligation as at July 01	2,755,956	2,372,155	89,161	67,085	245,946	234,510
Charge for the year	284,346	403,345	11,300	28,595	(53,525)	19,453
Contributions paid	(540,027)	(418,703)	-	-	-	-
Benefits paid	-	-	(3,388)	(19,474)	(2,446)	(8,017)
Other comprehensive (income) / loss	193,588	399,159	(16,681)	12,955	-	-
Present value as at June 30	2,693,863	2,755,956	80,392	89,161	189,975	245,946

### 30.7 Movement in fair value of plan assets

	Pension Fund		Gratuity Fund		Compensa	ted Absence
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
			Rupee	es in '000		
	1 200 215	022 507				
Fair value at the beginning of the year	1,200,317	923,507	-	-	-	-
Interest income on plan assets	123,205	97,598	-	-	-	-
Contribution by the Bank - net	540,027	418,703	-	-	-	-
Benefit payments from plan	(202,776)	(155,491)	-	-	-	-
Re-measurements: Net return on plan			-	-	-	-
assets (excluding interest income)	52,437	(84,000)	-	-	-	-
Fair value at the end of the year	1,713,209	1,200,317	-	-	-	

### 30.8 Charge for defined benefit plans

### 30.8.1 Cost recognised in profit and loss

	Pension Fund		Gratuity Fund		Compensated Absence	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
			Rupe	es in '000		
Current service cost	60,611	71,266	3,210	4,467	496	351
Net interest on defined benefit asset / liability	223,735	200,059	8,091	6,137	22,025	21,676
Contributions - employees	-	-			-	-
Past service cost	-	-	-	17,991	-	7,657
Amount transferred	-	132,020		-		-
Actuarial (gain) / loss	_	-			(76,046)	(10,231)
	284,346	403,345	11,301	28,595	(53,525)	19,453

### 30.8.2 Re-measurements recognised in OCI during the year

Loss / (gain) on obligation						
- Experience adjustment	246,024	315,159	(16,681)	12,955	-	-
Return on plan assets over interest income	(52,437)	84,000	-	-	-	-
Total re-measurements recognised in OCI	193,588	399,159	(16,681)	12,955	-	-

2019 Pension fund Rupees in '000

### 30.9 Components of plan assets

Cash and cash equivalents - net Government Securities 66,299 1,646,910

1,713,209

30.9.1 Investment in Government securities are subject to credit risk and interest rate risks. These risks are regularly monitored by Trustees of the employee funds.

.

### 30.10 Sensitivity analysis

Sensitivity analysis should be disclosed by varying one assumption keeping all other assumptions constant and calculating the impact on the present value of the defined benefit obligations under the various employee benefit schemes. The increase / (decrease) in the present value of defined benefit obligations as a result of change in each assumption should be summarised as illustrated below:

		2019		
	Pension fund	Gratuity fund	Compensated absence	
		Rupees in '000		
Defined benefit obligation	4,407,072	80,392	189,975	
1% increase in discount rate	3,992,351	74,656	178,438	
1% decrease in discount rate	4,899,570	87,162	202,648	
1 % increase in expected rate of salary increase	4,584,920	87,426	202,863	
1 % decrease in expected rate of salary increase	4,242,157	74,311	178,052	
1% increase in expected rate of pension increase	4,761,170	_		
1% decrease in expected rate of pension increase	4,102,436	_		
1% increase in expected rate of mortality set back	4,463,922	_		
1% decrease in expected rate of mortality set forward	4,349,307	-		

The above sensitivity analysis are based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method (present value of defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied when calculating the defined benefit obligation recognized within the statement of financial position.

### 30.11 Expected contributions to be paid to the funds in the next financial year

The Bank contributes to the pension and gratuity funds as per actuarial expected charge for the next financial year. Based on actuarial advice, management estimates that the charge / (reversal) in respect of defined benefit plans for the year ending June 30, 2020 would be as follows:

	2020						
Pension f	fund	<b>Gratuity fund</b>	Compensated absence				
		Rupees in '000	)				
458,	542	15,059	27,638				

Expected charge/(reversal for the year)

### 30.12 Maturity profile

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
			Rupees in '000		-
Pension fund	195,867	224,283	306,738	350,656	410,492
Gratuity fund	2,273	2,259	2,260	2,148	7,656

### 30.13 Funding Policy

The Bank endeavours to ensure that liabilities under the various employee benefit schemes are covered by the Fund on any valuation date having regards to the various actuarial assumptions such as projected future salary increase, expected future contributions to the fund, projected increase in liability associated with future service and the projected investment income of the Fund.

### 30.14 Risks associated with defined benefit plans

The defined benefit plans may expose the bank to actuarial risks such as longevity risk, investment risk, salary increase risk and withdrawal rate risk as described below;

### Longevity Risk

The risk arises when the actual lifetime of retirees is longer than expectation. This risk is measured at the plan level over the entire retiree population.

#### **Investment Risk**

The risk arises when the actual performance level of investment levels is lower than expectation and thus creating a shortfall in the funding objectives.

### Salary Increase Risk

The most common type of retirement benefit is one where the final benefit is linked with final salary. The risk arises when the actual increases are higher than expectations and impact the liability accordingly.

#### Withdrawal Rate

The risk of actual withdrawals varying with the actuarial assumptions can impose a risk to the benefit obligation. The movement of the liability can go either way.

### 31 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The Bank operates a contributory provident fund scheme for 266 (2018: 217) employees who opted Gratuity. The employer and employee each contribute 10.00% of the basic salary to the scheme every month.

### 32 COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

### 32.1 Total Compensation Expense

			2019				
		Directors		Members		Key	Other Material Risk Takers/ Controllers
Items	Chairman	Executives (other than CEO)	Non- Executives	Shariah Board	President / CEO	Management Personnel	
Fees and Allowances etc.	-	-		-	3,289	16,707	-
Managerial Remuneration							
i) Fixed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ii) Total Variable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
of which							
a) Cash Bonus / Awards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) Bonus & Awards in Shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charge for defined benefit plan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contribution to defined contribution pl	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rent & house maintenance	-	-	-	-	352	2,994	-
Utilities	-	-	-	-	18	269	-
Medical	-	-	-	-	137	1,375	-
Conveyance	-	-	-	-	-	94	-
Others	-	-	-	-	2,528	9,856	-
Total	-	-	-	-	6,324	31,295	-
Number of Persons		-	_	-	_	1	17

### 32.2 During the year, the former President of the Bank retired and new President took charge on November 7, 2018.

	2018								
		Directors					Other		
Items	Chairman	Executives (other than CEO)	Non- Executives	Members Shariah Board	President / CEO	Key Management Personnel	Material Risk Takers/ Controllers		
Fees and Allowances etc.	-	-	-	-	4,355	12,452	-		
Managerial Remuneration									
i) Fixed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
ii) Total Variable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
of which									
a) Cash Bonus / Awards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
b) Bonus & Awards in Shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Charge for defined benefit plan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Contribution to defined contribution pla	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Rent & house maintenance	-	-	-	-	485	2,900	-		
Utilities	-	-	-	-	24	370	-		
Medical	-	-	-	-	138	1,279	-		
Conveyance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Others	-	-	-	-	4,680	8,112	-		
Total	-	-	-	-	9,682	25,113	-		
Number of Persons	-	-	-	-	1	11	-		

### 33 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The fair value of quoted securities other than those classified as held to maturity, is based on quoted market price. Quoted securities classified as held to maturity are carried at cost. The fair value of unquoted equity securities, other than investments in associates and subsidiaries, is determined on the basis of the break-up value of these investments as per their latest available audited financial statements.

The fair value of unquoted debt securities, fixed term loans, other assets, other liabilities, fixed term deposits and borrowings cannot be calculated with sufficient reliability due to the absence of a current and active market for these assets and liabilities and reliable data regarding market rates for similar instruments.

### 33.1 Fair value of financial assets

The Bank measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

- Level 1: Fair value measurements using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Fair value measurements using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the assets or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: Fair value measurements using input for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs).

The table below analyses financial instruments measured at the end of the reporting period by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorised:

•												
						June 30, 2019						
				Carrying Valu					Fair '	Value		
	Held to	Held for	Available	Financing	Other	Other						
	maturity	trading	for sale	and	financial	financial	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
				receivables	assets	liabilities						
On balance sheet financial instruments				-		Rupees in '00	0					
Financial assets - measured at fair value												
Investments												
Shares	-	-	406,413	-	-	-	406,413	404,451	1,962	-	406,413	
Financial assets - disclosed but not measured at fa	ir value											
Cash and balances with treasury banks	_	_	_	_	742,268	_	742,268	-	_	_	_	
Balances with other banks	_	_	_	_	959,517		959,517	-	_	_	_	
Investments in Treasury bills and NBFCs	2,469,985	_	_	_	´-	_	2,469,985	_	_	_		
Advances	-	_	_	9,861,768	_	_	9,861,768	_	_	_	_	
Other Assets	_	_	_	-	833,784	_	833,784	_	_	_	_	
					, -		, -					
Financial liabilities - measured at fair value	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Financial liabilities - disclosed but not measured a	ıt											
fair value												
Bills payable	-	-	_	-		52,635	52,635	-	-	-	_	
Deposits and other accounts	-	-	-	-		4,579,982	4,579,982	-	-	-	-	
Other liabilities	-	-	-	-		3,624,550	3,624,550	-	-	-	-	
Off-balance sheet financial instruments -												
measured at fair value												
Forward purchase of foreign exchange	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Forward sale of foreign exchange	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Forward agreements for lending	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Forward agreements for borrowing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Derivatives purchases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Derivatives sales	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

					J	une 30, 2018					
				Carrying Value	·				Fair V	Value	
	Held to maturity	Held for trading	Available for sale	Financing and receivables	Other financial assets	Other financial liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
On balance sheet financial instruments			•			Rupees in '000	)				
Financial assets - measured at fair value Investments Shares	-	-	525,689	-	-	-	525,689	523,727	1,962	-	525,689
Financial assets - disclosed but not measured at fair value											
Cash and balances with treasury banks	-	-	-	-	1,218,756	-	1,218,756	-	-	-	-
Balances with other banks	-	-	-	-	805,565		805,565	-	-	-	-
Investments in Treasury bills and NBFCs	2,385,939	-	-	-	-	-	2,385,939	-	-	-	
Advances	-	-	-	10,207,775	-	-	10,207,775	-	-	-	-
Other Assets	-	-	-	-	857,475	-	857,475	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities - measured at fair value	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities - disclosed but not measured at fair value											
Bills payable	-	-	-	-		55,502	55,502	-	-	-	-
Deposits and other accounts	-	-	-	-		5,324,183	5,324,183	-	-	-	-
Other liabilities	-	-	-	-		3,569,088	3,569,088	-	-	-	-
Off-balance sheet financial instruments - measured at fair value											
Forward purchase of foreign exchange	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forward sale of foreign exchange	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forward agreements for lending	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-
Forward agreements for borrowing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Derivatives purchases	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	_	-
Derivatives sales	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

<sup>33.2</sup> Fair valuation of financial instrument within level 2 is determined on the basis of market value as at the reporting date.

### **34 SEGMENT INFORMATION**

### 34.1 Segment Details with respect to Business Activities

		2019	
	Retail financing	Commercial banking	Total
	<u></u>	Rupees in '000	
rofit & Loss			
et mark-up/return/profit	1,589,896	481,062	2,070,958
er segment revenue - net	-	-	-
on mark-up / return / interest income	-	-	-
Income	1,589,896	481,062	2,070,958
nent direct expenses	(1,432,733)	(207,511)	(1,640,244)
segment expense allocation		-	-
penses	(1,432,733)	(207,511)	(1,640,244)
		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	-	-	-
	Retail financing	Commercial banking	Total
		Rupees in '000	
ce Sheet			
Bank balances	-	1,701,785	1,701,785
	-	2,876,398	2,876,398
egment lending	-	-	-
o financial institutions	-	-	-
- performing	9,089,123	-	9,089,123
non-performing	772,645	-	772,645
	8,009,624	5,673	8,015,297
	17,871,392	4,583,856	22,455,248
ble	52,635	-	52,635
sits & other accounts	4,579,982	-	4,579,982
er segment borrowing	· · ·	_	-
	3,566,221	58,329	3,624,550
liabilities	8,198,838	58,329	8,257,167
	14,198,081	<u>-</u>	14,198,081
ity & liabilities	22,396,919	58,329	22,455,248

**Contingencies & Commitments** 

		2018	
	Retail financing	Commercial banking	Total
		Rupees in '000	
Profit & Loss			
Net mark-up/return/profit	1,650,043	350,928	2,000,971
Inter segment revenue - net	-	-	-
Non mark-up / return / interest income		-	-
Total Income	1,650,043	350,928	2,000,971
Segment direct expenses	1,565,429	150,119	1,715,548
Inter segment expense allocation	-	-	-
Total expenses	1,565,429	150,119	1,715,548
Provisions		-	-
Profit before tax	3,215,472	501,047	3,716,519
	Retail financing	Commercial banking	Total
		Rupees in '000	
Balance Sheet			
Cash & Bank balances	-	2,024,321	2,024,321
Investments	-	2,911,628	2,911,628
Net inter segment lending	-	-	-
Lendings to financial institutions	-	-	-
Advances - performing	9,524,894	-	9,524,894
Advances - non-performing	772,645	-	772,645
Others	8,010,639	4,658	8,015,297
Total Assets	18,308,178	4,940,607	23,248,785
Bills payable	55,502	-	55,502
Deposits & other accounts	5,324,183	-	5,324,183
Net inter segment borrowing	-	-	-
Others	3,523,598	45,490	3,569,088
Total liabilities	8,903,283	45,490	8,948,773
Equity	14,232,522	_	17,897,546
<b>Total Equity &amp; liabilities</b>	23,135,805	45,490	26,846,319

**Contingencies & Commitments** 

### 35 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related parties comprise of key bank executives, President of the Bank, provident fund trust, pension fund trust, member societies, Registrar Co-operative Societies and the Government of Punjab.

The Banks enters into transactions with related paties in the ordinary course of business and on substantially the same terms as for comparable transactions with person of similar standing. Contributions to and accruals in respect of staff retirement benefits and other benefit plans are made in accordance with the actuarial valuations / terms of the contribution plan. Remuneration to the executives / officers is determined in accordance with the terms of their appointment.

Details of transactions with related parties during the year, other than those which have been disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements are as follows:

		2019			2018	
	Key manage-	Provident fund	Pension fund	Key manage-ment	Provident fund	Pension fund trust
	ment personnel	trust	trust	personnel	trust	1 ension fund trust
			(Rupees	s in '000)		
Advances						
Opening balance	7,059	-	-	3,486	-	-
Addition during the year	6,734	-	-	4,754	-	-
Recovered during the year	(7,699)	-	-	(1,181)	-	-
Transfer in / (out) - net		-	-	_	-	-
Closing balance	6,094	-	-	7,059	-	-
Other Liabilities						
Payable to staff retirement fund	-	-	2,693,886	-	-	2,755,956
	-	-	2,693,886	-	-	2,755,956
Income						
Mark-up / return / interest earned	1,096			834		
	1,096	-	-	834	-	-
Expense						
Short term employees beneits	37,211	-	-	34,794	-	-
Contribution for the year	<u>-</u>	11,519	540,027	<u> </u>	12,123	417,668
	37,211	11,519	540,027	34,794	12,123	417,668

2019 2018 Rupees in '000

### 36 CAPITAL ADEQUACY, LEVERAGE RATIO & LIQUIDITY REQUIREMENTS

Minimum Capital Requirement (MCR):		
Paid-up capital (net of losses)	6,000,000	6,000,000
Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR):		
Eligible Common Equity Tier 1 (CET 1) Capital	6,931,879	7,471,406
Eligible Additional Tier 1 (ADT 1) Capital	2,966,008	3,094,998
Total Eligible Tier 1 Capital	3,965,871	4,376,408
Eligible Tier 2 Capital	1,440,325	1,659,280
Total Eligible Capital (Tier 1 + Tier 2)	5,406,196	6,035,688
Risk Weighted Assets (RWAs):		
Credit Risk	16,540,725	16,849,870
Market Risk	808,902	1,047,454
Operational Risk	3,014,004	2,846,708
Total	20,363,631	20,744,032
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy ratio	19.48	21.10
Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio	7.07	8.00
Total Capital Adequacy Ratio	26.55	29.10

36.1 State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) vide Letter No. BPRD/BACPD/629/023472/15 dated 26.10.2015 required from Bank to have a minimum paid up capital (net of losses) of Rs. 6 billion. Further, the bank is required to maintain a Capital Adequacy Ratio of 16% at all times. As of June 30, 2019, the paid up capital of the Bank net of losses amounts to Rs. 6,931,879 thousands which is in agreement with regulatory requirements (refer to note 16.3). The management is in the process of implementation of Basel III and in the meanwhile have applied for obtaining further extension in this regard. For the time being CAR is being reported under Basel I as per instructions issued under circular No. 12 of 2004 as allowed by SBP.

Standardized Approach is used for calculating the Credit and Market risk, whereas, Basic Indicator Approach is used for Operational Risk in the Capital Adequacy Calculation.

Leverage Ratio (LR):		
Eligible Tier-1 Capital	4,043,603	4,829,314
Total Exposures	22,402,490	23,173,493
Leverage Ratio	18.05	20.84
_		
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR):		
Total High Quality Liquid Assets	3,384,442	3,849,656
Total Net Cash Outflow	484,583	539,490
Liquidity Coverage Ratio	6.98	7.14
Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR):		
Total Available Stable Funding	12,488,584	13,081,487
Total Required Stable Funding	6,589,914	6,857,727
Net Stable Funding Ratio	190	191

### 37 RISK MANAGEMENT

The principal risks associated with the banking business are credit risk, market risk, liquidity risk and operational risk. The banks/DFIs should have comprehensive risk management framework in place for managing these risks which is constantly evolving as the business activities change in response to credit, market, product and other developments. The risk management should be guided by number of factors and principles including the formal definition of risk management, governance, risk appetite, independent risk management and assessment and measurement by tools like Earning at Risk (EaR), Value-at-Risk (VaR) methodologies with stress testing under different economic scenarios and with diversification of risks.

All banks/DFIs are required to disclose all the steps taken to ensure identification of risks and compliance with guiding factors and principles mentioned above. For this, the banks/DFIs are also required to refer to the instructions given to them by SBP from time to time.

### 37.1 Credit Risk

### 37.1.1

37.1.1	<u>Advances</u>						
	Credit risk by industry sector	Gross ac	dvances	Non-performi	ng advances	Provisio	n held
		2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
				Rupees	in '000		
	Agriculture, Forestry, Hunting and Fishing	11,102,742	11,440,587	2,268,272	2,179,133	1,509,762	1,509,762
	Mining and Quarrying	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Textile	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Chemical and Pharmaceuticals	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Cement	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Sugar	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Footwear and Leather garments	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Automobile and transportation equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Electronics and electrical appliances	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Construction	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Power (electricity), Gas, Water, Sanitary	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Wholesale and Retail Trade	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Exports/Imports	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Transport, Storage and Communication	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Financial	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Insurance	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Services	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Individuals	266,243	262,996	18,607	18,759	20,685	20,685
	Others	99,054	110,463	91,853	91,076	75,446	75,446
		11,468,039	11,814,046	2,378,732	2,288,968	1,605,893	1,605,893
	Credit risk by public / private sector	Gross ac	dvances	Non-performi	ng advances	Provisio	n held
		2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
	Public/ Government	1,000,000	1,000,000	_	-	_	_
	Private	10,468,039	10,814,046	2,378,732	2,288,968	1,605,893	1,605,893
	Titvate	11,468,039	11,814,046	2,378,732	2,288,968	1,605,893	1,605,893
25.1.2							
37.1.2	Contingencies and Commitments					2019	2018
	Credit risk by industry sector					Rupees i	
	A ' 1 E ( H (' 1E'1'						
	Agriculture, Forestry, Hunting and Fishing					-	-
	Mining and Quarrying					-	-
	Textile					-	-
	Chemical and Pharmaceuticals					-	-
	Cement					-	-
	Sugar					-	-
	Footwear and Leather garments					-	-
	Automobile and transportation equipment					-	-
	Electronics and electrical appliances					-	-
	Construction					-	-
	Power (electricity), Gas, Water, Sanitary					_	-

#### Wholesale and Retail Trade Exports/Imports Transport, Storage and Communication Financial Insurance Services Individuals 248,971 Others 259,043 259,043 248,971 Credit risk by public / private sector Public/ Government Private 259,043 248,971

259,043

248,971

### 37.1.3 Advances - Province/Region-wise Disbursement & Utilization

				2019			
	Disbursements	Utilization					
Province/Region	_	Punjab	Sindh	KPK including FATA	Balochistan	Islamabad	AJK including Gilgit- Baltistan
				Rupees in '000			
Punjab	11,468,039	11,468,039	_	_	_	_	_
Sindh	-	-	_	_	_	_	_
KPK including FATA	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Balochistan	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Islamabad	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
AJK including Gilgit-Baltista	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	11,468,039	11,468,039					
	,,	,,					
				2018			
	Disbursements	Utilization					
	-			KPK			AJK including
Province/Region		Punjab	Sindh	including	Balochistan	Islamabad	Gilgit-
	_			FATA			Baltistan
				Rupees in '000			
Punjab	11,814,046	11,814,046					
Sindh	11,614,040	11,614,040	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
KPK including FATA Balochistan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Islamabad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
AJK including Gilgit-Baltista	- 11 011 015	-	-	-	-	-	

### 37.2 Market Risk

Total

Market Risk is the risk of loss in earnings and capital due to adverse changes in interest rates, foreign exchange rates, equity prices and market conditions.

11,814,046

11,814,046

### 37.2.1 Foreign Exchange Risk

Foreign exchange is the risk that the earnings and share capital will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Bank only deals in Pakistan Rupees and does not deal in foreign currency, therefore the Bank does not have any exposure which is liable to foreign exchange risk.

### 37.2.2 Yield / Interest Rate Risk in the Banking Book (IRRBB)-Basel II Specific

Yield / Interest rate risk is the risk of decline in earnings due to adverse movement of yield curve. It arises from the possibility that changes in yield / interest rates will affect the value of financial instruments. The bank is exposed to yield / interest rate risk as a result of mismatch or gaps in the amounts of assets and liabilities that mature or re-price in a given period. Sensitivity of the bank's financial assets and financial liabilities to yield / interest rate can be evaluated from the following:

2019 2018 Banking book Trading book Banking book Trading book Rupees in '000 -----Impact of 1% change in interest rates on - Profit and loss account +1% change 17,027 16,952 -1% change (17,027)(16,952)- Other comprehensive income +1% change -1% change 37.2.3 Mismatch of Interest Rate Sensitive Assets and Liabilities 2019 Exposed to Yield/ Interest risk Effective Total Non-interest Yield/ Over 1 Over 3 Over 6 Over 1 Over 2 Over 3 Over 5 bearing Interest Upto 1 to 3 to 6 Months to 1 to 2 to 3 to 5 to 10 Above financial instruments 10 Years rate Month Months Months Year Years Years Years Years On-balance sheet financial instruments Rupees in '000 Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks 10.25% 742,268 72,453 669,815 Balances with other banks 8.75% to 11.25% 959,517 954,450 5,067 Lending to financial institutions 11.16% to 12.66% Investments 2,876,398 406,413 2,469,985 Advances 9% to 18% 9,861,768 466,524 91,922 1,426,114 2,936,741 3,198,418 672,031 305,379 654,290 110,349 Other assets 833,784 833,784 1,508,666 15,273,735 1,899,840 2,561,907 1,426,114 2,936,741 3,198,418 672,031 305,379 654,290 110,349 Liabilities 52,635 52,635 Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts 163,468 1,232,982 4.50% to 8.00% 4,579,982 2,108,107 171,808 428,691 109,713 15,796 279,668 20,002 49,747 Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease Subordinated debt 3,624,550 3,624,550 Other liabilities 171,808 20,002 8,257,167 2,108,107 163,468 428,691 109,713 15,796 279,668 49,747 4,910,167 7,016,568 (208, 267)2,390,099 1,262,646 2,508,050 3,088,705 656,235 25,711 634,288 60,602 (3,401,501) On-balance sheet gap

Off-balance sheet financial instruments Documentary credits and short-term trade-re	elated transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commitments in respect of:												
<ul> <li>forward foreign exchange contracts</li> <li>forward government securities transactions</li> </ul>	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- derivatives	•	_	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
- forward lending		-	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other commitments (to be specified)			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Off-balance sheet gap			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Yield/Interest Risk Sensitivity Gap		7,016,568	(208,267)	2,390,099	1,262,646	2,508,050	3,088,705	656,235	25,711	634,288	60,602	(3,401,501)
Cumulative Yield/Interest Risk Sensitivity	y Gap	7,016,568	(208,267)	2,181,832	3,444,478	5,952,528	9,041,233	9,697,468	9,723,179	10,357,467	10,418,069	7,016,568
							2018					
	Effective	Total		0 1	0 1		osed to Yield					
	Yield/		I I4 - 1	Over 1 to 3	Over 3 to 6	Over 6 Months to 1	Over 1 to 2	Over 2 to 3	Over 3 to 5	Over 5 to 10	Above	Non-interest bearing
	Interest rate		Upto 1 Month	Months	Months	Year	Years	Years	to 5 Years	Years	Above 10 Years	financial
	Tate		Wolldi	Wolldis	Wionins	i cai	1 cars	1 cars	rears	1 cars	10 I cars	instruments
On-balance sheet financial instruments							Rupees	in '000				
Assets												
Cash and balances with treasury banks	3.75%	1,218,756	17,784	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,200,972
Balances with other banks	3.5% to 5.65%	805,565	797,036	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,529
Lending to financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	6.20% to 11.25%	2,911,628	515,138	2,385,939	-	-	-	10,551	-	-	-	-
Advances	9% to 18%	10,207,775	614,560	125,027	1,352,191	2,623,440	4,029,884	648,300	159,543	543,886	110,944	-
Other assets		857,475	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	857,475
1.190		16,001,199	1,944,518	2,510,966	1,352,191	2,623,440	4,029,884	658,851	159,543	543,886	110,944	2,066,976
<u>Liabilities</u> Bills payable		55,502	-		_		_	_				55,502
Borrowings		33,302		-	-				_	-	-	33,302
Deposits and other accounts	3.50% to 5.25%	5,324,183	1,865,822	178,898	812,606	271,196	75,342	6,726	682,603	12,627	54,091	1,364,272
Liabilities against assets subject to finance l			-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-,,-,-,2
Subordinated debt		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other liabilities		3,624,550	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	3,624,550
		9,004,235	1,865,822	178,898	812,606	271,196	75,342	6,726	682,603	12,627	54,091	5,044,324
On-balance sheet gap		6,996,964	78,696	2,332,068	539,585	2,352,244	3,954,542	652,125	(523,060)	531,259	56,853	(2,977,348)

Off-balance sheet financial instruments											
Commitments in respect of:											
- forward foreign exchange contracts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- forward government securities transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- derivatives	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- forward lending	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other commitments (to be specified)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Off-balance sheet gap		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Yield/Interest Risk Sensitivity Gap	6,996,964	78,696	2,332,068	539,585	2,352,244	3,954,542	652,125	(523,060)	531,259	56,853	(2,977,348)
Cumulative Yield/Interest Risk Sensitivity Gap	6,996,964	78,696	2,410,764	2,950,349	5,302,593	9,257,135	9,909,260	9,386,200	9,917,459	9,974,312	6,996,964

Reconciliation of total assets	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	Reconciliation of total liabilities	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
	Rupees in '000			Rupees i	n '000
Balance as per balance sheet	22,455,248	23,177,360	Balance as per balance sheet	8,139,044	8,948,773
Less: Non-financial assets			Less: Non-financial liabilities		
Fixed assets	7,179,735	7,176,161			
Other assets	833,784	857,475	Other liabilities	3,506,427	3,569,088
	8,013,519	8,033,636			
Total financial assets	14,441,729	15.143,724	Total financial liabilities	4,632,617	5,379,685

### 37.3 Operational Risk

Operational Risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and system or from external events.

The Bank, like all financial institutions, is exposed to many types of operational risks, including the potential losses arising from internal activities or external events caused by breakdowns in information, communication, physical safeguards, business continuity, supervision, transaction processing, settlement systems and the execution of legal, fiduciary and agency responsibilities.

In accordance with the senior management's approved Operational Risk Policy, Bank maintains a system of internal controls designed to keep operational risk at appropriate levels, in view of the bank's financial strength and the characteristics of the activities and market in which it operates. These internal controls are periodically updated to conform to industry best practice.

Further, detailed data of operational losses is being maintained, in conformance with regulatory guidelines. Major Operational Risk events are also analysed from the control breaches perspective and mitigating controls are assessed on design and operating effectiveness. Quarterly updates on Operational Risk events are presented to senior management.

#### 37.4 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Bank will encounter difficulties in raising funds to meet the commitments associated with financial instruments. To safeguard this risk, the Bank has diversified its funding sources and managed its assets with liquidity in mind thereby maintaining a healthy balance of cash and cash equivalents and readily marketable securities. The maturity profile of assets and liabilities is monitored on regular basis to ensure that the adequate liquidity is maintained. The maturity profile of the Bank's assets and liabilities is summarized below:

### 37.4.1 Maturities of Assets and Liabilities - based on contractual maturity of the assets and liabilities of the Bank

	Total		2019											
	-	Upto 1 Day	Over 1 to 7 days	Over 7 to 14 days	Over 14 days to 1 Month	Over 1 to 2 Months	Over 2 to 3 Months	Over 3 to 6 Months	Over 6 to 9 Months	Over 9 months to 1 year	Over 1 to 2 years	Over 2 to 3 years	Over 3 to 5 Years	Over 5 Years
			Rupees in '000											
Assets														
Cash and balances with treasury banks	742,268	-	-	-	742,268	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balances with other banks	959,517	-	-	-	959,517	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lending to financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	2,876,398	-	-	-	406,413	-	2,469,985	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Advances	9,861,768	-	-	-	543,416	73,288	86,730	1,681,979	1,325,997	2,724,438	1,018,440	812,867	826,532	768,081
Fixed assets	7,179,735	4,649	-	-	10,002	6,640	387	1,384	945	145	39,356	92	23,891	7,092,244
Intangible assets	1,778	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	1,778	-
Deferred tax assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Other assets	833,784	-	-	-	60,379	83,776	2,541	6,547	200,514	401,028	2,842	9,628	21,867	44,662
	22,455,248	4,649	-	-	2,721,995	163,704	2,559,643	1,689,910	1,527,456	3,125,611	1,060,638	822,587	874,068	7,904,987
Liabilities														
Bills payable	52,635	21,664	292	1	5,340	25,339	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits and other accounts	4,579,982	1,066,983	37,192	15,390	1,741,119	35,630	181,696	89,217	569,861	419,947	130,608	11,122	211,666	69,551
Liabilities against assets subject to	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
finance lease	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Subordinated debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	-
Other liabilities	3,624,550	11,128	1,032	2,016	179,896	22,341	4,034	197	-	13,234	2,245	218,971	1,360	3,168,096
	8,257,167	1,099,775	38,516	17,406	1,926,355	83,310	185,730	89,414	569,861	433,181	132,853	230,093	213,026	3,237,647
Net assets	14,198,081	(1,095,126)	(38,516)	(17,406)	795,640	80,394	2,373,913	1,600,496	957,595	2,692,430	927,785	592,494	661,042	4,667,340
Share capital/ Head office capital account	7,885,490													
Reserves	809,147													
Unappropriated/ Unremitted profit	(1,762,758)													
Surplus/(Deficit) on revaluation of assets	7,266,202													
	14,198,081													

	Total		2018											
		Upto 1 Day	Over 1 to 7 days	Over 7 to 14 days	Over 14 days to 1 Month	Over 1 to 2 Months	Over 2 to 3 Months	Over 3 to 6 Months	Over 6 to 9 Months	Over 9 months to 1 year	Over 1 to 2 years	Over 2 to 3 years	Over 3 to 5 Years	Over 5 Years
			Rupees in '000											
Assets	-													
Cash and balances with treasury banks	1,218,756	368,394	100,384	349,299	400,679	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balances with other banks	805,565	211,768	88,093	10,810	494,894	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lending to financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	2,911,628	-	-	-	515,138	-	2,396,490	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Advances	10,207,775	-	18,547	-	474,240	64,762	105,332	1,773,180	1,004,802	2,791,134	1,838,168	782,606	732,412	622,592
Fixed assets	7,176,161	2,299	1,174	-	10,120	4,196	455	1,612	808	145	36,135	5,729	40,391	7,073,097
Intangible assets	3,935	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,935	-
Deferred tax assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other assets	857,475	17,431	13,686	19,533	92,490	23,937	626,139	4,269	23,404	21,617	1,113	9,059	4,245	552
	23,181,295	599,892	221,884	379,642	1,987,561	92,895	3,128,416	1,779,061	1,029,014	2,812,896	1,875,416	797,394	780,983	7,696,241
Liabilities														
Bills payable	55,502	4,204	91	-	1,790	49,417	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits and other accounts	5,324,183	1,320,178	81,677	82,011	1,746,126	176,318	6,331	700,589	21,446	367,094	150,360	2,523	614,531	54,999
Liabilities against assets subject to	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
finance lease	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Subordinated debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other liabilities	3,569,088	25,447	7,547	4,790	134,707	62,849	46,204	197	631	-	338	165,132	2,925	3,118,321
	8,948,773	1,349,829	89,315	86,801	1,882,623	288,584	52,535	700,786	22,077	367,094	150,698	167,655	617,456	3,173,320
Net assets	14,232,522	(749,937)	132,569	292,841	104,938	(195,689)	3,075,881	1,078,275	1,006,937	2,445,802	1,724,718	629,739	163,527	4,522,921
Share capital/ Head office capital account	7,885,556													
Reserves	742,108													
Unappropriated/ Unremitted profit	(1,780,620)													
Surplus/(Deficit) on revaluation of assets	7,385,478													
	14,232,522													

### 37.4.2 Maturities of assets and liabilities - based on expected maturities of the assets and liabilities of the Bank

	Total	2019								
		Upto 1 Month	Over 1 to 3 Months	Over 3 to 6 Months	Over 6 Months to 1 Year	Over 1 to 2 Years	Over 2 to 3 Years	Over 3 to 5 Years	Over 5 to 10 Years	Above 10 Years
		Rupees in '000								
Assets				•						
Cash and balances with treasury banks	742,268	742,268	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balances with other banks	959,517	959,517	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lending to financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	2,876,398	406,413	2,469,985	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Advances	9,861,768	466,524	91,922	1,426,114	2,936,741	3,198,418	672,031	305,379	654,290	110,349
Fixed assets	7,179,735	52,117	15,772	1,383	1,335	2,505	402	28,033	1,854	7,076,334
Intangible assets	1,778	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,778	-
Deferred tax assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other assets	833,784	122,338	2,541	6,547	668,021	2,842	9,628	21,315	322	230
	22,455,248	2,749,177	2,580,220	1,434,044	3,606,097	3,203,765	682,061	354,727	658,244	7,186,913
Liabilities										
Bills payable	52,635	52,635	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits and other accounts	4,579,982	3,341,089	171,808	163,468	428,691	109,713	15,796	279,668	20,002	49,747
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Subordinated debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other liabilities	3,624,550	264,648	4,034	197	596	1,232	167,175	1,359	1,685	3,183,624
	8,257,167	3,658,372	175,842	163,665	429,287	110,945	182,971	281,027	21,687	3,233,371
Net assets	14,198,081	(909,195)	2,404,378	1,270,379	3,176,810	3,092,820	499,090	73,700	636,557	3,953,542
Share conital/ Head office conital account	7 005 400									
Share capital/ Head office capital account	7,885,490									
Reserves	809,147									
Unappropriated/ Unremitted profit	(1,762,758)									
Surplus/(Deficit) on revaluation of assets	7,266,202									
	14,198,081									

		2018									
		Upto 1 Month	Over 1 to 3 Months	Over 3 to 6 Months	Over 6 Months to 1 Year	Over 1 to 2 Years	Over 2 to 3 Years	Over 3 to 5 Years	Over 5 to 10 Years	Above 10 Years	
					Rupee	s in '000		-			
Assets					•						
Cash and balances with treasury banks	1,218,756	1,218,756	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Balances with other banks	805,565	805,565	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Lending to financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Investments	2,911,628	515,138	2,396,490	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Advances	10,207,775	614,560	125,027	1,352,191	2,623,440	4,029,884	648,300	159,543	543,886	110,944	
Fixed assets	7,176,161	57,256	456	1,612	953	1,764	248	40,779	1,373	7,071,720	
Intangible assets	3,935	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,935	-	
Deferred tax assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other assets	857,475	105,864	675,681	5,097	40,867	3,437	9,058	16,919	322	230	
	23,181,295	3,317,139	3,197,654	1,358,900	2,665,260	4,035,085	657,606	217,241	549,516	7,182,894	
Liabilities											
Bills payable	55,502	55,502	-	-	-			-	-	-	
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Deposits and other accounts	5,324,183	3,230,094	178,898	812,606	271,196	75,342	6,726	682,603	12,627	54,091	
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Subordinated debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Deferred tax liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other liabilities	3,569,088	235,340	46,204	197	631	338	165,132	2,925	714	3,117,607	
	8,948,773	3,520,936	225,102	812,803	271,827	75,680	171,858	685,528	13,341	3,171,698	
Net assets	14,232,522	(203,797)	2,972,552	546,097	2,393,433	3,959,405	485,748	(468,287)	536,175	4,011,196	
Share capital/ Head office capital account	7,885,556										
Reserves	742,108										
Unappropriated/ Unremitted profit	(1,780,620)										
Surplus/(Deficit) on revaluation of assets	7,385,478	•									
	14,232,522	•									

<sup>37.4.3</sup> Some assets / liabilities of the bank do not have a contractual maturity date. The period in which these assets / liabilities are assumed to mature is taken as the expected date on which the assets / liabilities be realized / settled. The above maturity analysis is based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date.

### 38 EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

There are no significant events after the reporting period that may require adjustment of and/or disclosure in these financial statements.

### 39 CORRESPONDING FIGURES

The corresponding figures have been rearranged wherever necessary to facilitate comparison. Changes made in corresponding figures to conform to current year presentation are mentioned in Note 2.2 to these financial statements.

### 40 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue on 18.10.2019 by the Administrator of the Bank.

### 41 GENERAL

Figures in the financial statements have been rounded-off to the nearest Rupees in thousands except where stated otherwise.

President/ CEO Chief Financial Officer